

**TABLE 1
MEDICAID BENEFICIARIES AND EXPENDITURES
TOTAL AND FEE-FOR-SERVICE (FFS)
FLORIDA, CALENDAR YEAR 1999**

Population Characteristics	Beneficiaries				Expenditures			
	Total Number	Percent of Total Beneficiaries	Number in Fee-for-Service (FFS) One or More Months	Percent in FFS One or More Months	Total Expenditures	Percent of Total Expenditures	Total for FFS	Percent for FFS
All	2,104,306	100%	1,820,900	87%	\$6,429,479,619	100%	\$5,445,437,643	85%
Age								
0-3	334,512	16%	301,036	90%	\$594,765,921	9%	\$462,753,544	78%
4-5	133,903	6%	110,347	82%	\$131,398,646	2%	\$85,691,706	65%
6-12	408,297	19%	324,134	79%	\$422,531,337	7%	\$282,747,086	67%
13-18	249,006	12%	201,051	81%	\$372,637,164	6%	\$263,759,853	71%
19-21	83,806	4%	74,863	89%	\$176,334,409	3%	\$148,076,785	84%
22-44	440,331	21%	392,465	89%	\$1,452,967,195	23%	\$1,193,522,457	82%
45-64	172,014	8%	149,239	87%	\$1,135,503,601	18%	\$981,089,955	86%
65 and older	282,407	13%	267,735	95%	\$2,143,300,504	33%	\$2,027,755,415	95%
Gender								
Female	1,256,738	60%	1,101,900	88%	\$3,882,605,803	60%	\$3,313,355,101	85%
Male	847,494	40%	718,929	85%	\$2,546,798,753	40%	\$2,132,009,641	84%
Race								
White	826,062	39%	745,405	90%	\$3,192,877,591	50%	\$2,880,623,664	90%
Black	700,888	33%	566,982	81%	\$1,649,548,155	26%	\$1,261,908,459	77%
Hispanic	372,079	18%	332,440	89%	\$575,786,209	9%	\$471,732,291	82%
American Indian/Alaskan Native	985	0%	859	87%	\$1,836,452	0%	\$1,551,980	85%
Asian/Pacific Islander	9,721	0%	8,596	88%	\$12,738,397	0%	\$10,001,542	79%
Other/Unknown	194,571	9%	166,618	86%	\$996,692,815	16%	\$819,619,707	82%
Dual Status								
Aged Duals with Full Medicaid	242,204	12%	232,213	96%	\$1,982,644,973	31%	\$1,898,594,807	96%
Disabled Duals with Full Medicaid	108,179	5%	99,906	92%	\$845,510,189	13%	\$800,901,237	95%
Duals with Limited Medicaid	24,034	1%	24,034	100%	\$36,148,600	1%	\$35,473,234	98%
Other Duals	1,249	0%	1,154	92%	\$3,658,161	0%	\$3,267,467	89%
Disabled Non-Duals	254,425	12%	193,532	76%	\$1,894,896,052	29%	\$1,499,379,201	79%
All Other Non-Duals	1,474,215	70%	1,270,061	86%	\$1,666,621,644	26%	\$1,207,821,697	72%
Eligibility Group								
Aged	207,495	10%	197,294	95%	\$1,702,331,881	26%	\$1,620,229,085	95%
Disabled	439,308	21%	366,838	84%	\$3,154,314,906	49%	\$2,688,802,068	85%
Adults	401,836	19%	369,737	92%	\$573,124,025	9%	\$454,384,351	79%
Children	1,055,653	50%	887,017	84%	\$999,628,030	16%	\$681,946,008	68%

Notes: Months are defined as fee-for-service (FFS) if they are months when an individual is enrolled in Medicaid but not in a Medicaid capitated comprehensive managed care or behavioral managed care plan. For subsequent tables, only FFS months are included.

Beneficiaries are all individuals enrolled in Medicaid, including children in Medicaid-SCHIP, for at least one month in the calendar year.

Expenditures are claims-based Medicaid payments, including both federal and state share.

Expenditures for FFS months are defined as expenditures for services during FFS months minus expenditures for capitation premium payments.

Eligibility Groups are mutually exclusive. All individuals age 65 or over are in the Aged group; all remaining individuals who are in Medicaid due to disability are in the Disabled group; remaining individuals are classified as Adults or Children according to whether they are classified as Adults or Children in state enrollment files.

**TABLE 2
 MEDICAID FFS MENTAL HEALTH BENEFICIARIES AND EXPENDITURES
 COMPARED TO TOTAL FFS BENEFICIARIES AND EXPENDITURES
 FLORIDA, CALENDAR YEAR 1999**

	Total Number of Beneficiaries in FFS Population	FFS Mental Health Population		Total Expenditures for FFS Population	FFS Expenditures for Mental Health Population	
		Number of Beneficiaries	Percent of Total FFS Beneficiaries		Total Amount	Percent of Total FFS Expenditures
All	1,820,900	151,325	8%	\$5,445,437,643	\$1,137,503,638	21%
Age						
0-3	301,036	2,562	1%	\$462,753,544	\$15,218,016	3%
4-5	110,347	4,552	4%	\$85,691,706	\$12,841,160	15%
6-12	324,134	33,528	10%	\$282,747,086	\$107,494,166	38%
13-18	201,051	22,892	11%	\$263,759,853	\$115,285,748	44%
19-21	74,863	3,276	4%	\$148,076,785	\$23,465,604	16%
22-44	392,465	40,955	10%	\$1,193,522,457	\$335,717,205	28%
45-64	149,239	28,479	19%	\$981,089,955	\$285,106,750	29%
65 and Older	267,735	15,081	6%	\$2,027,755,415	\$242,374,989	12%
Gender						
Female	1,101,900	80,916	7%	\$3,313,355,101	\$623,687,853	19%
Male	718,929	70,409	10%	\$2,132,009,641	\$513,815,785	24%
Race						
White	745,405	76,427	10%	\$2,880,623,664	\$595,024,408	21%
Black	566,982	34,577	6%	\$1,261,908,459	\$252,177,789	20%
Hispanic	332,440	14,824	4%	\$471,732,291	\$69,227,996	15%
American Indian/Alaskan Native	859	57	7%	\$1,551,980	\$168,901	11%
Asian/Pacific Islander	8,596	145	2%	\$10,001,542	\$783,145	8%
Other/Unknown	166,618	25,295	15%	\$819,619,707	\$220,121,399	27%
Dual Status						
Aged Duals with Full Medicaid	232,213	13,089	6%	\$1,898,594,807	\$213,013,022	11%
Disabled Duals with Full Medicaid	99,906	20,527	21%	\$800,901,237	\$183,243,058	23%
Duals with Limited Medicaid	24,034	1,275	5%	\$35,473,234	\$5,759,541	16%
Other Duals	1,154	217	19%	\$3,267,467	\$996,348	30%
Disabled Non-Duals	193,532	51,285	27%	\$1,499,379,201	\$525,877,917	35%
All Other Non-Duals	1,270,061	64,932	5%	\$1,207,821,697	\$208,613,752	17%
Eligibility Group						
Aged	197,294	10,044	5%	\$1,620,229,085	\$180,646,267	11%
Disabled	366,838	77,232	21%	\$2,688,802,068	\$763,338,180	28%
Adults	369,737	16,126	4%	\$454,384,351	\$50,547,730	11%
Children	887,017	47,923	5%	\$681,946,008	\$142,971,461	21%

Note: The FFS mental health population includes all FFS beneficiaries who had one or more of the mental health diagnoses shown in Table 3 as a primary diagnosis on at least one Medicaid claim during 1999, or who received a clearly identifiable mental health service during the year (inpatient psychiatric service for age 65+ or under age 22, or nursing facility mental health service for age 65+).

Expenditures are claims-based Medicaid payments, including both federal and state share.

Expenditures for FFS months are defined as expenditures for services during FFS months minus expenditures for capitation premium payments.

Eligibility Groups are mutually exclusive. All individuals age 65 or over are in the Aged group; all remaining individuals who are in Medicaid due to disability are in the Disabled group; remaining individuals are classified as Adults or Children according to whether they are classified as Adults or Children in state enrollment files.

**TABLE 3
MEDICAID FFS MENTAL HEALTH POPULATION
BY DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORY AND AGE GROUP
FLORIDA, CALENDAR YEAR 1999**

Diagnostic Category	FFS Mental Health Population							
	All Ages		21 and Under		22-64		65 and Older	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Schizophrenia	22,742	15%	808	1%	19,855	29%	2,079	14%
Major depression and affective psychoses	34,737	23%	4,920	7%	24,099	35%	5,718	38%
Other psychoses	4,958	3%	545	1%	2,152	3%	2,261	15%
Childhood psychoses	1,362	1%	1,249	2%	110	0%	3	0%
Neurotic & other depressive disorders	27,076	18%	8,434	13%	15,471	22%	3,171	21%
Personality disorders	592	0%	180	0%	357	1%	55	0%
Other mental disorders	1,794	1%	403	1%	591	1%	800	5%
Special symptoms or syndromes	4,337	3%	2,067	3%	1,962	3%	308	2%
Stress & adjustment reactions	16,768	11%	12,389	19%	3,891	6%	488	3%
Conduct disorders	7,381	5%	6,660	10%	640	1%	81	1%
Emotional disturbances	6,378	4%	6,323	9%	49	0%	6	0%
Hyperkinetic syndrome	23,084	15%	22,832	34%	246	0%	6	0%
No Diagnosis	116	0%	0	0%	11	0%	105	1%
Total	151,325	100%	66,810	100%	69,434	100%	15,081	100%

Notes: The FFS mental health population includes all FFS beneficiaries who had one or more of the mental health diagnoses shown in this table as a primary diagnosis on at least one Medicaid claim during 1999, or who received a clearly identifiable mental health service during the year (inpatient psychiatric service for age 65+ or under age 22, or nursing facility mental health service for age 65+).

The diagnostic category for each user is the one that occurred most frequently among primary diagnoses on claims during the year.

Schizophrenia (ICD-9 CM diagnosis codes beginning with 295) includes both chronic and acute schizophrenic disorders.

Major depression and affective psychoses (ICD-9 CM diagnosis codes beginning with 296) includes manic, depressive, and bipolar disorders.

Other psychoses (ICD-9 CM diagnosis codes beginning with 297 or 298) includes paranoid states, delusional disorders, depressive psychosis, and reactive psychoses.

Childhood psychoses (ICD-9 CM diagnosis codes beginning with 299) includes infantile autism, disintegrative disorders, and childhood type schizophrenia.

Neurotic & other depressive disorders (ICD-9 CM diagnosis codes beginning with 300 or 311) includes anxiety states; phobic, obsessive compulsive, and other neurotic disorders; and unspecified depressive disorders.

Personality disorders (ICD-9 CM diagnosis codes beginning with 301) includes affective, schizoid, explosive, histrionic, antisocial, dependent, and other personality disorders.

Other mental disorders (ICD-9 CM diagnosis codes beginning with 302, 306, or 310) includes sexual deviations, physiological malfunction arising from mental factors, and nonpsychotic mental disorders due to organic brain damage.

Special symptoms or syndromes (ICD-9 CM diagnosis codes beginning with 307) includes eating disorders, tics and repetitive movement disorders, sleep disorders, and enuresis.

Stress & adjustment reactions (ICD-9 CM diagnosis codes beginning with 308 or 309) includes acute reaction to stress; depressive reaction, and separation disorders, and conduct disturbance.

Conduct disorders (ICD-9 CM diagnosis codes beginning with 312) includes aggressive outbursts, truancy, delinquency, kleptomania, impulse control disorder, and other conduct disorders.

Emotional disturbances (ICD-9 CM diagnosis codes beginning with 313) includes overanxious disorder, shyness, relationship problems and other mixed emotional disturbances of childhood or adolescence such as oppositional disorder.

Hyperkinetic syndrome (ICD-9 CM diagnosis codes beginning with 314) includes attention deficit with and without hyperactivity and hyperkinesis with or without developmental delay.

**TABLE 4
PSYCHIATRIC AND GENERAL INPATIENT HOSPITAL USE AND AVERAGE ANNUAL HOSPITAL DAYS PER USER
FOR MEDICAID FFS MENTAL HEALTH POPULATION, BY SEX AND AGE GROUP
FLORIDA, CALENDAR YEAR 1999**

Sex	Age Group	Psychiatric Hospital		General Inpatient Hospital		Total Inpatient Hospital			General Inpatient Hospital Use by FFS MH Population for Non-Mental Health Diagnoses		
		Number of Users	Average Annual Days Per User	Mental Health Treatment		Mental Health Treatment			Number of Users	Percent of Total FFS Mental Health Beneficiaries	Average Annual Days Per User
				Number of Users	Average Annual Days Per User	Number of Users	Percent of Total FFS Mental Health Beneficiaries	Average Annual Days Per User			
Female	0-3	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	138	13%	15
	4-5	0	0	4	5	4	0%	5	50	3%	4
	6-12	0	0	209	12	209	2%	12	258	2%	7
	13-18	0	0	778	10	778	8%	10	808	9%	6
	19-21	1	0	198	9	199	10%	9	557	28%	5
	22-44	13	0	2,428	9	2,439	9%	9	5,095	20%	6
	45-64	13	0	1,582	10	1,592	8%	10	4,203	22%	7
	65+	72	268	521	4	588	5%	37	3,800	34%	2
All Ages	99	195	5,720	9	5,809	7%	12	14,909	18%	5	
Male	0-3	0	0	1	7	1	0%	7	204	14%	15
	4-5	0	0	21	12	21	1%	12	81	3%	5
	6-12	0	0	544	13	544	2%	13	481	2%	7
	13-18	0	0	680	11	680	5%	11	359	3%	9
	19-21	0	0	191	14	191	15%	14	100	8%	20
	22-44	24	0	2,359	10	2,381	16%	10	2,217	15%	6
	45-64	11	0	1,100	11	1,110	12%	11	2,290	24%	8
	65+	75	246	221	7	296	8%	68	1,570	40%	3
All Ages	110	168	5,117	10	5,224	7%	14	7,302	10%	7	
Total	0-3	0	0	1	7	1	0%	7	342	13%	15
	4-5	0	0	25	11	25	1%	11	131	3%	5
	6-12	0	0	753	13	753	2%	13	739	2%	7
	13-18	0	0	1,458	11	1,458	6%	11	1,167	5%	7
	19-21	1	0	389	11	390	12%	11	657	20%	7
	22-44	37	0	4,787	9	4,820	12%	9	7,312	18%	6
	45-64	24	0	2,682	10	2,702	9%	10	6,493	23%	8
	65+	147	257	742	5	884	6%	47	5,370	36%	2
All Ages	209	181	10,837	10	11,033	7%	13	22,211	15%	6	

Notes: All beneficiaries in this table had a mental health diagnosis as the primary diagnosis on a FFS Medicaid claim during 1999, or received a clearly identifiable mental health service (inpatient psychiatric service for age 65+ or under age 22, or nursing facility mental health service for age 65+).

Those who received inpatient hospital services for which the primary diagnosis on the hospital claim was a mental health diagnosis are shown in the "General Inpatient Hospital – Mental Health Treatment" column. Those who received inpatient hospital services for which the primary diagnosis on the claim was not a mental health diagnosis are shown in the "General Inpatient Hospital Use by FFS MH Population for Non-Mental Health Diagnoses" column.

When a dually eligible beneficiary's inpatient stay is primarily covered by Medicare, Medicaid often pays a deductible. Some states interpret their payment of the deductible as Medicaid coverage for one day of the stay. Other states interpret "Medicaid covered days" as including only days covered in full by Medicaid, and thus report zero covered days on a crossover stay. Another group of states reports the number of days covered by Medicare as covered days. Finally, many states do not retain any details about lengths of stay on crossover claims. For any one or combination of these reasons, average lengths of stay for beneficiaries who are dually eligible (most aged and some adults) are inaccurately reduced because of the presence of individual claims with "1" or "0" covered days. In some circumstances this even causes inpatient hospital stays to average "0" days in length, and it explains more generally the low numbers that appear for some groups on Table 4.

Individuals may appear in more than one column on this table.

**TABLE 5
EMERGENCY ROOM USE FOR MEDICAID FFS MENTAL HEALTH AND NON-MENTAL
HEALTH BENEFICIARIES, BY SEX AND AGE GROUP
FLORIDA, CALENDAR YEAR 1999**

Sex	Age Group	Mental Health Beneficiaries With Any Emergency Room Use					Non- Mental Health Beneficiaries With Any Emergency Room Use		
		Number	Percent of Total FFS Mental Health Beneficiaries	Average Number of Emergency Room Visits for Users of Any ER Visits			Number	Percent of Total FFS Non-Mental Health Beneficiaries	Number of Emergency Room Visits for Users of Any ER Visits
				For Mental Health Treatment	For Non-Mental Health Treatment	All ER Visits			
Female	0-3	492	47%	0.07	1.88	1.95	38,569	27%	1.73
	4-5	447	28%	0.04	1.66	1.69	8,833	17%	1.49
	6-12	2,560	23%	0.07	1.51	1.59	17,252	12%	1.41
	13-18	3,317	35%	0.20	1.77	1.98	13,824	14%	1.49
	19-21	1,044	52%	0.30	2.21	2.52	12,727	22%	1.61
	22-44	10,732	41%	0.28	2.40	2.68	47,107	17%	1.65
	45-64	6,061	32%	0.23	2.23	2.46	11,592	17%	1.86
	65+	975	9%	0.18	1.60	1.78	5,056	3%	1.34
	All Ages	25,628	32%	0.23	2.13	2.36	154,960	15%	1.62
Male	0-3	723	48%	0.06	2.12	2.18	45,123	29%	1.82
	4-5	991	33%	0.03	1.67	1.70	10,196	19%	1.51
	6-12	5,497	24%	0.07	1.46	1.53	18,734	13%	1.40
	13-18	3,761	28%	0.13	1.58	1.71	9,858	12%	1.37
	19-21	488	38%	0.49	1.91	2.40	1,778	14%	1.64
	22-44	4,382	29%	0.56	2.09	2.65	10,456	14%	1.75
	45-64	2,725	28%	0.30	2.24	2.54	8,037	15%	1.84
	65+	455	12%	0.13	1.80	1.94	2,541	4%	1.43
	All Ages	19,022	27%	0.24	1.79	2.03	106,723	16%	1.66
Total	0-3	1,215	47%	0.06	2.02	2.08	83,696	28%	1.78
	4-5	1,438	32%	0.03	1.66	1.70	19,029	18%	1.50
	6-12	8,057	24%	0.07	1.47	1.55	35,986	12%	1.41
	13-18	7,078	31%	0.17	1.67	1.83	23,682	13%	1.44
	19-21	1,532	47%	0.36	2.12	2.48	14,505	20%	1.62
	22-44	15,114	37%	0.36	2.31	2.67	57,563	16%	1.67
	45-64	8,786	31%	0.25	2.23	2.48	19,629	16%	1.85
	65+	1,430	9%	0.16	1.67	1.83	7,597	3%	1.37
	All Ages	44,650	30%	0.23	1.99	2.22	261,687	16%	1.64

Notes: An emergency room visit is classified as "for mental health treatment" if one of the mental health diagnoses in Table 3 is shown as the primary diagnosis on the emergency room claim. If any other diagnosis is shown as the primary diagnosis on the claim, the emergency room visit is classified as being for non-mental health treatment. Visits are defined by unique dates of service.

FFS mental health beneficiaries include all FFS beneficiaries who had one or more of the mental health diagnoses shown in Table 3 as a primary diagnosis on at least one Medicaid claim during 1999, or who received a clearly identifiable mental health service during the year (inpatient psychiatric service for age 65+ or under age 22, or nursing facility mental health service for age 65+).

TABLE 6
PRESCRIPTION PSYCHOTROPIC DRUG USE FOR MEDICAID FFS MENTAL HEALTH
AND NON-MENTAL HEALTH BENEFICIARIES, BY AGE GROUP
FLORIDA, CALENDAR YEAR 1999

Age Group	Total FFS Beneficiaries with Any Psychotropic Drug Use		FFS Mental Health Beneficiaries with Any Psychotropic Drug Use		FFS Non-Mental Health Beneficiaries with Any Psychotropic Drug Use	
	Number	Percent of Total FFS Beneficiaries	Number	Percent of Total FFS MH Beneficiaries	Number	Percent of Total FFS Non-MH Beneficiaries
0-3	7,721	3%	384	15%	7,337	2%
4-5	4,661	4%	1,541	34%	3,120	3%
6-12	28,425	9%	19,062	57%	9,363	3%
13-18	16,919	8%	11,405	50%	5,514	3%
19-21	4,759	6%	1,936	59%	2,823	4%
22-44	77,875	20%	33,758	82%	44,117	13%
45-64	69,814	47%	25,993	91%	43,821	36%
65+	117,993	44%	13,294	88%	104,699	41%
All Ages	328,168	18%	107,373	71%	220,795	13%

Notes: FFS mental health beneficiaries include all FFS beneficiaries who had one or more of the mental health diagnoses shown in Table 3 as a primary diagnosis on at least one Medicaid claim during 1999, or who received a clearly identifiable mental health service during 1999 (inpatient psychiatric service for age 65+ or under age 22, or nursing facility mental health service for age 65+).

Psychotropic drugs are defined as drugs in any of the categories shown on Table 7, as grouped by Multum prescription drug grouping software.

Non-mental health beneficiaries who are dual eligibles may have received mental health treatment under Medicare that is not seen in Medicaid coinsurance claims.

TABLE 7
PERCENT OF MEDICAID FFS MENTAL HEALTH BENEFICIARIES AGE 21 AND UNDER WHO
USED PRESCRIPTION PSYCHOTROPIC DRUGS,
BY DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORY AND DRUG TYPE
FLORIDA, CALENDAR YEAR 1999

Diagnostic Category	Number of FFS MH Beneficiaries by Diagnostic Category	Type of Psychotropic Drug						No Psychotropic Drug Use
		Antidepressants	Antipsychotics	Anti-Anxiety Agents	Mood Stabilizing Agents	Stimulants	More than One Psychotropic Drug Type	
Schizophrenia	808	45%	74%	27%	7%	8%	57%	9%
Major depression and affective psychoses	4,920	54%	32%	18%	8%	16%	40%	16%
Other psychoses	545	36%	59%	19%	5%	15%	45%	15%
Childhood psychoses	1,249	18%	28%	21%	0%	18%	23%	33%
Neurotic & other depressive disorders	8,434	27%	7%	12%	1%	11%	15%	34%
Personality disorders	180	21%	12%	9%	4%	16%	19%	51%
Other mental disorders	403	10%	6%	15%	0%	5%	8%	50%
Special symptoms or syndromes	2,067	10%	4%	8%	0%	4%	5%	61%
Stress & adjustment reactions	12,389	15%	5%	7%	1%	13%	10%	40%
Conduct disorders	6,660	19%	11%	8%	2%	16%	15%	33%
Emotional disturbances	6,323	19%	10%	7%	1%	19%	15%	33%
Hyperkinetic syndrome	22,832	19%	9%	9%	1%	69%	24%	12%
No Diagnosis	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Total	66,810	22%	11%	10%	2%	33%	20%	49%

Notes: The percentages shown do not add to 100 percent because service users with a specific diagnosis may use more than one type of drug. Psychotropic drugs are defined and grouped according to Multum prescription drug grouping software.

The diagnostic category for each user was the beneficiary's most frequent diagnosis category in the year.

FFS mental health beneficiaries include all FFS beneficiaries who had one or more of the mental health diagnoses shown in this table as a primary diagnosis on at least one Medicaid claim during 1999, or who received a clearly identifiable mental health service during the year (inpatient psychiatric service for age 65+ or under age 22, or nursing facility mental health service for age 65+).

TABLE 8
PERCENT OF MEDICAID FFS MENTAL HEALTH BENEFICIARIES AGE 22 TO 64 WHO
USED PRESCRIPTION PSYCHOTROPIC DRUGS,
BY DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORY AND DRUG TYPE
FLORIDA, CALENDAR YEAR 1999

Diagnostic Category	Number of FFS MH Beneficiaries by Diagnostic Category	Type of Psychotropic Drug					More than One Psychotropic Drug Type	No Psychotropic Drug Use
		Antidepressants	Antipsychotics	Anti-Anxiety Agents	Mood Stabilizing Agents	Stimulants		
Schizophrenia	19,855	50%	89%	54%	8%	0%	71%	2%
Major depression and affective psychoses	24,099	78%	44%	67%	10%	2%	74%	5%
Other psychoses	2,152	44%	70%	47%	4%	1%	58%	8%
Childhood psychoses	110	37%	63%	52%	4%	1%	55%	14%
Neurotic & other depressive disorders	15,471	63%	16%	64%	1%	1%	50%	10%
Personality disorders	357	57%	37%	57%	7%	1%	54%	15%
Other mental disorders	591	40%	29%	48%	2%	2%	40%	22%
Special symptoms or syndromes	1,962	33%	10%	38%	0%	1%	24%	39%
Stress & adjustment reactions	3,891	47%	16%	44%	1%	1%	37%	23%
Conduct disorders	640	38%	57%	46%	5%	2%	49%	13%
Emotional disturbances	49	55%	35%	61%	6%	0%	59%	14%
Hyperkinetic syndrome	246	41%	20%	43%	3%	39%	46%	15%
No Diagnosis	11	0%	9%	9%	0%	0%	9%	18%
Total	69,434	61%	49%	59%	6%	1%	63%	14%

Notes: The percentages shown do not add to 100 percent because service users with a specific diagnosis may use more than one type of drug. Psychotropic drugs are defined and grouped according to Multum prescription drug grouping software.

The diagnostic category for each user was the beneficiary's most frequent diagnosis category in the year.

FFS mental health beneficiaries include all FFS beneficiaries who had one or more of the mental health diagnoses shown in this table as a primary diagnosis on at least one Medicaid claim during 1999, or who received a clearly identifiable mental health service during the year (inpatient psychiatric service for age 65+ or under age 22, or nursing facility mental health service for age 65+).

TABLE 9
PERCENT OF MEDICAID FFS MENTAL HEALTH BENEFICIARIES AGE 65 AND OLDER WHO
USED PRESCRIPTION PSYCHOTROPIC DRUGS,
BY DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORY AND DRUG TYPE
FLORIDA, CALENDAR YEAR 1999

Diagnostic Category	Number of FFS MH Beneficiaries by Diagnostic Category	Type of Psychotropic Drug						No Psychotropic Drug Use
		Antidepressants	Antipsychotics	Anti-Anxiety Agents	Mood Stabilizing Agents	Stimulants	More than One Psychotropic Drug Type	
Schizophrenia	2,079	44%	88%	58%	4%	0%	68%	3%
Major depression and affective psychoses	5,718	79%	46%	71%	4%	1%	74%	3%
Other psychoses	2,261	43%	48%	54%	0%	0%	49%	20%
Childhood psychoses	3	0%	33%	33%	0%	0%	33%	67%
Neurotic & other depressive disorders	3,171	61%	22%	75%	1%	1%	54%	7%
Personality disorders	55	58%	55%	71%	0%	0%	60%	5%
Other mental disorders	800	35%	30%	42%	0%	0%	35%	34%
Special symptoms or syndromes	308	38%	18%	56%	0%	0%	34%	25%
Stress & adjustment reactions	488	63%	26%	62%	0%	0%	52%	12%
Conduct disorders	81	46%	56%	62%	1%	0%	60%	11%
Emotional disturbances	6	33%	17%	50%	0%	0%	17%	17%
Hyperkinetic syndrome	6	0%	50%	50%	0%	0%	17%	17%
No Diagnosis	105	17%	60%	23%	5%	0%	30%	10%
Total	15,081	61%	45%	65%	2%	1%	61%	12%

Notes: The percentages shown do not add to 100 percent because service users with a specific diagnosis may use more than one type of drug. Psychotropic drugs are defined and grouped according to Multum prescription drug grouping software.

The diagnostic category for each user was the beneficiary's most frequent diagnosis category in the year.

FFS mental health beneficiaries include all FFS beneficiaries who had one or more of the mental health diagnoses shown in this table as a primary diagnosis on at least one Medicaid claim during 1999, or who received a clearly identifiable mental health service during the year (inpatient psychiatric service for age 65+ or under age 22, or nursing facility mental health service for age 65+).