



Utah

State Profile and Underage Drinking Facts

State Population: 2,763,885
Population Ages 12–20: 393,000

	Percentage	Number
Ages 12–20		
Past-Month Alcohol Use	13.8	54,000
Past-Month Binge Alcohol Use	9.9	39,000
Ages 12–14		
Past-Month Alcohol Use	3.0	4,000
Past-Month Binge Alcohol Use	1.7	2,000
Ages 15–17		
Past-Month Alcohol Use	12.1	16,000
Past-Month Binge Alcohol Use	8.6	11,000
Ages 18–20		
Past-Month Alcohol Use	24.5	35,000
Past-Month Binge Alcohol Use	18.1	26,000
		Number
Alcohol-Attributable Deaths (under 21)		32
Years of Potential Life Lost (under 21)		1,952

	Percentage of All Traffic Fatalities	Number
Traffic Fatalities, 15- to 20-Year-Old Drivers with BAC > 0.01	17.0	9

Laws Addressing Minors in Possession of Alcohol

Underage Possession of Alcohol

Possession is prohibited—no explicit exceptions noted in the law.

Underage Consumption of Alcohol

Consumption is prohibited—no explicit exceptions noted in the law.

Internal Possession by Minors

Internal possession is prohibited—no explicit exceptions noted in the law.

Underage Purchase of Alcohol

Purchase is prohibited, but youth may purchase for law enforcement purposes.

False Identification for Obtaining Alcohol

Provision(s) Targeting Minors

- Use of a false ID to obtain alcohol is a criminal offense.
- Penalty may include driver’s license suspension through a judicial procedure.

Provision(s) Targeting Suppliers

- It is a criminal offense to lend, transfer, or sell a false ID.

Provisions Targeting Retailers

- State provides incentives to retailers who use electronic scanners that read birthdate and other information digitally encoded on valid identification cards.
- Licenses for drivers under age 21 are easily distinguishable from those for drivers age 21 and older.
- Retailers are permitted to seize apparently false IDs.
- Specific affirmative defense—the retailer inspected the false ID and came to a reasonable conclusion based on its appearance that it was valid.
- Retailer has the statutory right to sue a minor who uses a false ID to purchase alcohol for any losses or fines suffered by the retailer as a result of the illegal sale.
- Retailer has the authority to detain a minor suspected of using a false ID in connection with the purchase of alcohol.

Laws Targeting Underage Drinking and Driving

BAC Limits: Youth (Underage Operators of Noncommercial Motor Vehicles)

- BAC limit: 0.00
- Any detectable alcohol in the blood is per se (conclusive) evidence of a violation
- Applies to drivers under age 21

Loss of Driving Privileges for Alcohol Violations by Minors (“Use/Lose Laws”)

Use/lose penalties apply to minors under age 21.

Type(s) of Violation Leading to Driver’s License Suspension, Revocation, or Denial

- Underage purchase
- Underage possession
- Underage consumption

Authority To Impose Driver’s License Sanction

- Mandatory

Length of Suspension/Revocation

- 365 days

Graduated Driver’s License

Learner Stage

- Minimum entry age: 15
- Minimum learner-stage period: 6 months
- Minimum supervised driving requirement: 40 hours—10 of which must be at night

Intermediate Stage

- Minimum age: 16
- Unsupervised night driving
 - Prohibited after: 12 a.m.
 - Primary enforcement of the night-driving rule
- Passenger restrictions exist: No unrelated passengers, unless accompanied by driver over 21
 - No primary enforcement of the passenger-restriction rule

License Stage

- Minimum age to lift restrictions: 17—passenger restrictions are lifted at age 16 years, 6 months; unsupervised night-driving restrictions remain until age 17.

Laws Targeting Alcohol Suppliers

Furnishing Alcohol to Minors

Furnishing is prohibited—no explicit exceptions noted in the law.

Compliance Check Protocols

No data

Penalty Guidelines for Sales to Minors

No data

Responsible Beverage Service

Mandatory Beverage Service Training for Managers, Servers

- Applies to both on-sale and off-sale establishments
- Applies to both new and existing outlets

Note: In Utah, the off-premise establishments subject to mandatory training are “off-premise beer retailers.” Off-premise beer retailers are licensed to sell “beer,” which in Utah is any product that contains not more than 4 percent ABV and is obtained by fermentation, infusion, or decoction of any malted grain.

Minimum Ages for Off-Premises Sellers

- Beer: 21
- Wine: 21
- Spirits: 21

Note: Although employees must be at least 21 to sell “liquor” at off-sale establishments in Utah, persons between 16 and 21 may sell beer (defined as containing not more than 4 percent ABV) on the premises of a beer retailer for off-premise consumption if under the supervision of a person age 21 or older who is on the premises.

Minimum Ages for On-Premises Sellers

- Beer: 21 for both servers and bartenders
- Wine: 21 for both servers and bartenders
- Spirits: 21 for both servers and bartenders

Dram Shop Liability

Statutory liability exists subject to the following conditions:

- Limitations on damages: \$1 million limit for one person and \$2 million limit for all injured parties per occurrence.
- Limitations on who may sue: Retailers that furnish beer only for off-premises consumption are exempt.

Note: Liability is strictly imposed for furnishing alcohol to an underage drinker. Evidence of retailer’s negligence is not required.

Social Host Liability Laws

Statutory liability exists subject to the following conditions:

- Limitations on damages: \$1 million limit for one person and \$2 million limit for all injured parties per occurrence.
- Limitations on who may be sued: Social host must be age 21 or older.

Host Party Laws

Social host law is specifically limited to underage drinking parties.

- Action by underage guest that triggers violation: Not specified
- Property type(s) covered by liability law: Residence, outdoor, other
- Standard for hosts’ knowledge or action regarding the party: Knowledge—host must have actual knowledge of the occurrence.

Note: In Utah, an individual may not knowingly conduct, aid, or allow an “underage drinking gathering.” An “underage drinking gathering” means a gathering of two or more individuals (a) at which an individual knowingly serves, aids in the service of, or allows the service of an alcoholic beverage to an underage person; and (b) to which an emergency response provider is required to respond, except for a response related solely to providing medical care at the location

of the gathering. The definition does not otherwise specify a property type or an action by underage guest.

Direct Sales/Shipments of Alcohol by Producers

Direct sales/shipments from producers to consumers are not permitted.

Keg Registration

- Keg sales prohibited
- Provisions do not specifically address disposable kegs.

Alcohol Pricing Policies

Home Delivery

- Beer: Prohibited
- Wine: Prohibited
- Spirits: Prohibited

Alcohol Tax

- Beer (5 percent alcohol): Control State
- Wine (12 percent alcohol): Control State
- Spirits (40 percent alcohol): Control State

Drink Specials

- Free beverages: Prohibited
- Multiple servings at one time: Not prohibited
- Multiple servings for same price as single serving: Prohibited
- Reduced price at specified day or time: Prohibited
- Unlimited beverages: Prohibited
- Increased volume: Prohibited

Wholesale Pricing

Pricing restrictions exist.

- Beer (5 percent alcohol): Control State
- Wine (12 percent alcohol): Control State
- Spirits (40 percent alcohol): Control State

Utah State Survey Responses

State Agency Information	
<i>Agency with primary responsibility for enforcing underage drinking laws:</i>	
Utah Department of Public Safety (DPS), Utah Highway Patrol (UHP), Alcohol Enforcement Team (AET)	
<i>Methods by which local and State enforcement agencies coordinate their efforts to enforce laws prohibiting underage drinking:</i>	
<p>The Utah DPS Highway Safety Office (HSO) receives funding specifically targeting underage drinking from the Federal Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention's (OJJDP's) Enforcing Underage Drinking Laws (EUDL) Block Grant. The HSO funds the AET and local law enforcement. The AET uses EUDL funding to conduct compliance checks in restaurants, bars, taverns, etc. The AET also trains local law enforcement on how to conduct compliance checks and train underage buyers on how to attempt purchases during compliance checks. Funding from the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) flows through the HSO to the AET for the Serving Intoxicated Persons (SIPS) program to target overserving in restaurants and taverns as well as serving underage drinkers. The Targeting Responsibility for Alcohol Connected Emergencies (TRACE) project, also funded by NHTSA, investigates serious or fatal car crashes involving underage drinkers to find where they obtained their alcohol. The AET also helps local law enforcement agencies with investigations when there are SIPS or TRACE problems in their areas. The HSO provides EUDL funding to 15 local law enforcement agencies (multiagency task forces) to enforce underage drinking laws in operations such as party patrols (urban and rural), saturation patrols with an emphasis on youth, administrative checkpoints focusing on youth, shoulder tap operations, and source investigations.</p>	
Enforcement Strategies	
<i>State law enforcement agencies use:</i>	
Cops in Shops	No
Shoulder Tap Operations	No
Party Patrol Operations or Programs	Yes
Underage Alcohol-Related Fatality Investigations	Yes
<i>Local law enforcement agencies use:</i>	
Cops in Shops	No
Shoulder Tap Operations	Yes
Party Patrol Operations or Programs	Yes
Underage Alcohol-Related Fatality Investigations	Yes
<i>State has a program to investigate and enforce direct sales/shipment laws</i>	
Primary State agency responsible for enforcing laws addressing direct sales/shippments of alcohol to minors	Not applicable
Such laws are also enforced by local law enforcement agencies	No
Enforcement Statistics	
<i>State collects data on the number of minors found in possession</i>	
Number of minors found in possession by State law enforcement agencies	9,235
Number pertains to the 12 months ending	06/30/2010
Data include arrests/citations issued by local law enforcement agencies	Yes
<i>State conducts underage compliance checks/decoy operations² to determine if alcohol retailers are complying with laws prohibiting sales to minors</i>	
Data are collected on these activities	No
Number of licensees checked for compliance by State agencies	Data not collected
Number of licensees that failed State compliance checks	Data not collected
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	Data not collected
<i>Local agencies conduct underage compliance checks/decoy operations to determine if alcohol retailers are complying with laws prohibiting sales to minors</i>	
Data are collected on these activities	Yes
Number of licensees checked for compliance by local agencies	2,448
Number of licensees that failed local compliance checks	234
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	12/31/2010

Sanctions	
<i>State collects data on fines imposed on retail establishments that furnish minors</i>	Yes
Number of fines imposed by the State ³	12
Total amount in fines across all licensees	\$19,300
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	01/01/2011
<i>State collects data on license suspensions imposed on retail establishments specifically for furnishing minors</i>	Yes
Number of suspensions imposed by the State ⁴	8
Total days of suspensions across all licensees	55
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	01/01/2011
<i>State collects data on license revocations imposed on retail establishments specifically for furnishing minors</i>	Yes
Number of license revocations imposed ⁵	0
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	01/01/2011
Additional Clarification	
<p>Clarification on Question A.4.a: The number of minors (9,235 total) in the State found in possession (or having consumed or purchased) alcohol includes 3,784 under age 18 (for the calendar year ending 12/31/2009) and 5,451 ages 18 to 20 (for the State fiscal year [FY] ending 06/30/2010). Data are collected separately by the Utah Juvenile Court (under 18) and the Utah Justice Courts (18 to 20).</p> <p>New research on the harmful effects of alcohol on teenagers' developing brains, combined with the results of the 2005 Utah Student Health and Risk Prevention Survey (SHARP)—which revealed a trend of increasing alcohol use among adolescents in Utah—resulted in the passage of the Eliminating Alcohol Sales to Youth (EASY statute) by the 2006 Utah Legislature. EASY provides funding for the reimbursement of local law enforcement agencies for monies expended when conducting alcohol compliance checks at off-premises retailers, including locations such as grocery, convenience, and drug stores. EASY entered its fourth year in FY 2010.</p> <p>The primary goal of the EASY program is to curtail the retail supply of alcohol to minors at off-premises retail locations through two complementary methods: providing funding to local law enforcement agencies to conduct alcohol compliance checks, and requiring standardized and mandatory retail employee training. Through these methods, EASY has removed the financial obstacles that frequently prevented law enforcement agencies from conducting compliance checks; the retail training requirements empower front-line employees with the knowledge and information they need to avoid sales to minors.</p> <p>Utah's law enforcement agencies and retailers continued to support the EASY program by increasing numbers in FY 2010. New agencies conducted compliance checks, and retailers new to the State completed training before opening. The Highway Safety Office records data, analyzes results, and tracks records related to the compliance checks performed by law enforcement as part of EASY.</p> <p>Clarification on Questions C.1 through C.3 – Sanctions: Responses apply specifically to on-premises establishments including restaurants, taverns, clubs, and on-premises beer retailers.</p>	

¹Or having consumed or purchased per State statutes

²Underage compliance checks/decoy operations to determine whether alcohol retailers are complying with laws prohibiting sales to minors

³Does not include fines imposed by local agencies

⁴Does not include suspensions imposed by local agencies

⁵Does not include revocations imposed by local agencies

Underage Drinking Prevention Programs Operated or Funded by the State: Programs SPECIFIC TO Underage Drinking	
ParentsEmpowered	
Number of youth served	288,480
Number of parents served	576,960
Number of caregivers served	No data
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	06/30/2010
Program has been evaluated	Yes
Evaluation report is available	Yes
URL for evaluation report:	http://www.dsamh.utah.gov/docs/sharp_statewide_report_2009.pdf
URL for more program information:	http://www.parentsempowered.org
<p>Program description: ParentsEmpowered is a statewide, State-sponsored media and education campaign launched in September 2006 to inform parents about the lasting harm of underage drinking and provide them with the proven skills, tools, and information needed to prevent it. Teens say their parents are the number one influence in preventing underage drinking, and research shows that teens are less likely to drink when parents are actively involved in helping their children understand the risks of drinking alcohol before age 21. ParentsEmpowered is targeted directly at parents rather than teens or children, as parents are the key to preventing underage drinking.</p> <p>The ParentsEmpowered campaign consists of television and radio spots, billboards, print materials, a Web site, and other materials/activities designed to help parents and communities eliminate underage drinking. The campaign is funded by the Utah Legislature with profits from the State's alcohol sales. Utah is currently the only State in the Nation to fund an underage drinking prevention campaign at this level. The ParentsEmpowered program objectives are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Primary Objective: Total Community Mobilization.</i> Eliminating underage drinking in Utah can be a daunting task for parents to face alone. Creating a community network to support parents and their enforcement of rules for their children increases the chances of keeping kids alcohol free. • <i>Secondary Objective: It's All About the Media.</i> Special events and projects need to be organized to gain media and parental attention. Arranging public interaction between key community leaders and parents enables ParentsEmpowered to deliver its underage drinking prevention message while continuing to generate media and parental attention. 	
Mind Over Matter	
Number of youth served	46,000
Number of parents served	92,000
Number of caregivers served	2,105
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	06/30/2010
Program has been evaluated	Yes
Evaluation report is available	Yes
URL for evaluation report	No data
URL for more program information:	http://www.utahpd.org/mindmatter.htm
<p>Program description: Mind Over Matter uses the Utah school system to distribute educational materials to parents and children about the dangers of and skills needed to prevent underage drinking. This school take-home assignment, consisting of a compact disc with songs that educate children about the damaging effects of alcohol on their developing brains, accompanied by questions to facilitate a discussion of the messages of each song, is targeted at 4th-grade students and their parents.</p>	
Utah's Enforcing Underage Drinking Laws Program	
Number of youth served	No data
Number of parents served	No data
Number of caregivers served	No data
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	No data
Program has been evaluated	No data
Evaluation report is available	No data
URL for evaluation report	Not applicable
URL for more program information:	No data

Program description: The Utah Highway Safety Office (HSO) receives funding to combat underage drinking from the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention’s (OJJDP’s) “Enforcing Underage Drinking Laws” (EUDL) block grant program. The HSO has received EUDL funding every year since 1999, with the amount typically being \$360,000. The funding is utilized for the following activities/purposes: (1) 15 Youth Alcohol/Drug Enforcement Task Forces that specifically target underage drinkers through activities such as party patrols, sobriety checkpoints, false identification and source investigations, shoulder-tap operations, and saturation patrols; (2) Underage Buyer Programs that conduct compliance checks at private clubs and restaurants; (3) College/University Campus and Youth Court Programs that educate students about underage drinking and impaired driving through conferences, summits, presentations, workshops, training, new student orientation, alcohol-free activities, awareness weeks, and other activities; and (4) Public Information and Education activities including presentations at Utah Chiefs of Police and Utah Sheriffs Associations conferences, community events, and educational materials on such topics as parenting skills.

**Underage Drinking Prevention Programs Operated or Funded by the State:
Programs RELATED TO Underage Drinking**

Prevention Dimensions

URL for more program information: <http://www.utahpd.org>

Program description: Prevention Dimensions (PD) is Utah’s school-based kindergarten through 12th-grade alcohol, tobacco, and drug prevention education program. The program consists of teacher resource files/lesson plans and accompanying classroom materials that support the Utah State Office of Education’s core curriculum standards and objectives for health education. The program began in 1982 as a joint effort of the Utah Division of Alcoholism and Drugs, Utah Department of Health, Utah State Office of Education, and Utah Parent-Teacher Association (PTA), and has been updated and revised several times over the years. The mission of PD is to give students a strong foundation of effective substance abuse and violence prevention skills. The resource lessons are age-appropriate and scoped and sequenced to the core curriculum objectives. The lessons are also based on the risk and protective factor model identified through the research of Drs. David Hawkins and Richard Catalano of the University of Washington. Studies have shown that young people with identified risk factors are more likely to engage in substance abuse and other antisocial behaviors; conversely, students with strong protective factors are less likely to engage in substance abuse and antisocial behaviors. PD lessons are, therefore, designed to decrease risk factors and promote protective factors. PD teacher trainings develop teacher skills to implement proven prevention strategies, impart knowledge, and help maintain a positive prevention attitude and classroom environment.

Additional Information Related to Underage Drinking Prevention Programs

<i>State collaborates with federally recognized Tribal governments in the prevention of underage drinking</i>	No
Program description	Not applicable
<i>State has programs to measure and/or reduce youth exposure to alcohol advertising and marketing</i>	No
Program description	Not applicable
<i>State has adopted or developed best practice standards for underage drinking prevention programs</i>	Yes
Best practice standards description: Utah has created an Evidence-Based Workgroup (EBW). Using SAMHSA’s evidence-based guidelines and the National Registry of Evidence-Based Programs and Practices (NREPP) as foundations, Utah formatted a collaborative committee to review and provide technical assistance to prevention programs. The EBW reviews prevention programs submitted to the panel. Then, based on the data and research provided, the EBW decides if the program has met the burden of proof to be an evidence-based program.	

Additional Clarification

The URL provided for the evaluation report of Utah's ParentsEmpowered underage drinking prevention education and media campaign is for the 2009 Student Health and Risk Prevention (SHARP) Survey. The Utah SHARP Survey is conducted every 2 years (odd years) among students in grades 6 through 12. The most recent (2009) SHARP Survey shows an average 4 percent reduction across 6th, 8th, 10th, and 12th grades (and extrapolated for the 7th, 9th, and 11th grades) in lifetime use of alcohol, past 30-day use of alcohol, and binge drinking among Utah's youth. This equates to roughly 11,260 fewer Utah youth who report trying alcohol in their lifetimes; 5,520 fewer having used alcohol in the past 30 days in the last 2 years; and 2,600 fewer underage binge/heavy drinkers in Utah than 2 years ago. The ParentsEmpowered campaign is an integral part of Utah's comprehensive strategy to prevent and reduce underage drinking. There is also an ongoing specific evaluation (available on request) of the ParentsEmpowered campaign being conducted by Dan Jones and Associates, Inc., a Utah firm.

State Interagency Collaboration

A State-level interagency governmental body/committee exists to coordinate or address underage drinking prevention activities Yes

Committee contact information:

Name: Douglas Murakami, Chair, UPAC Underage Drinking Prevention Workgroup
 Email: dmurakami@utah.gov
 Address: Utah Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control, 1625 South 900 West, P.O. Box 30408, Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0408
 Phone: 801-977-6820

Agencies/organizations represented on the committee:

Utah Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control
 Utah Attorney General's Office
 Utah Department of Health
 Utah State Office of Education
 Utah Juvenile Court
 Utah Prevention Network
 Utah Department of Public Safety
 Utah Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health
 Utah Substance Abuse Advisory Council
 Mothers Against Drunk Driving—Utah Chapter
 Intermountain Healthcare
 Utah Council for Crime Prevention
 Utah Parent-Teacher Association

A Web site or other public source exists to describe committee activities Yes
 URL or other means of access: <http://www.parentsempowered.org>

Underage Drinking Reports

State has prepared a plan for preventing underage drinking in the last 3 years Yes
 Prepared by: Underage Drinking Prevention Workgroup (a workgroup of the Utah Prevention Advisory Council - UPAC, which is a committee of the Utah Substance Abuse Advisory Council - USAAV)
 Plan can be accessed via No data

State has prepared a report on preventing underage drinking in the last 3 years Yes
 Prepared by: 2009 Student Health and Risk Prevention (SHARP) Survey Report, Prepared by Bach Harrison, LLC. 2010 Annual ParentsEmpowered and Eliminating Alcohol Sales to Youth (E.A.S.Y.) Report, prepared by R&R Partners.
 Plan can be accessed via: 2009 SHARP Survey:
http://www.dsamh.utah.gov/docs/sharp_statewide_report_2009.pdf
 2010 Annual ParentsEmpowered/EASY Report:
 Contact Mary Lou Emerson at memerson@utah.gov

Additional Clarification

Clarification of Utah’s Underage Drinking Prevention Plan: Although Utah has not produced a written plan for preventing underage drinking per se, we have had a plan in place for addressing this issue for the past several years. Utah’s Underage Drinking Prevention Workgroup was originally created to attend SAMHSA’s “Preventing Underage Alcohol Use: A National Meeting of the States” on October 31–November 1, 2005, in Washington, D.C. Following this meeting, the newly formed team immediately got to work and was successful in promoting the passage of legislation during the 2006 Utah Legislative Session (S.B. 58) that created and funded the ParentsEmpowered campaign and the EASY compliance check program. Since then, Utah’s Underage Drinking Prevention Workgroup has continued to meet on a weekly to biweekly basis to create new components for the campaign and to plan for adjunct school- and community-based activities including the following: Mind Over Matter take-home program for 4th-grade students and their parents, Underage Drinking Town Hall Meetings, higher education prevention activities such as the incoming students’ Freshman Letter, creation and promotion of the passage of related legislation (e.g., Social Host Liability Act in 2009), to name only a few. We do see the value of formalizing our plan in written form, and plan to do so in the near future.

State Expenditures for the Prevention of Underage Drinking	
<i>Compliance checks/decoy operations in retail outlets:</i>	
Estimate of State funds expended	\$232,000
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	06/30/2010
<i>Checkpoints and saturation patrols:</i>	
Estimate of State funds expended	\$415,556
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	06/30/2010
<i>Community-based programs to prevent underage drinking:</i>	
Estimate of State funds expended	\$1,473,700
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	06/30/2010
<i>K-12 school-based programs to prevent underage drinking:</i>	
Estimate of State funds expended	\$602,000
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	06/30/2010
<i>Programs targeted to institutes of higher learning:</i>	
Estimate of State funds expended	Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	Data not available
<i>Programs that target youth in the juvenile justice system:</i>	
Estimate of State funds expended	Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	Data not available
<i>Programs that target youth in the child welfare system:</i>	
Estimate of State funds expended	Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	Data not available
<i>Other programs:</i>	
Programs or strategies included	No data
Estimate of State funds expended	No data
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	No data

Funds Dedicated to Underage Drinking	
<i>State derives funds dedicated to underage drinking from the following revenue streams:</i>	
Taxes	Yes
Fines	No
Fees	Yes
Other:	Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control Liquor Control Fund and State General Fund

Description of funding streams and how they are used:

A portion of the tax revenue collected on beer sales in Utah is deposited into the Alcoholic Beverage Enforcement and Treatment Restricted Account, which is distributed annually on a formula basis to municipalities and counties throughout Utah for purposes of the following:

1. Driving under the influence (DUI) law enforcement.
2. General alcohol-related law enforcement.
3. Prosecution/court costs for alcohol-related cases.
4. Treatment of alcohol problems.
5. Alcohol-related education/prevention.
6. Confinement of alcohol law offenders.

In SFY 2010 (ending June 30, 2010), \$5,622,600 was distributed, and approximately 39 percent of municipalities and counties used at least some of their funding for alcohol-related education or prevention, including underage drinking prevention. A surcharge is imposed on every fine assessed for a criminal penalty in Utah (35 percent for lesser offenses; 90 percent for major offenses). The funding generated by the surcharges on fines, 2.5 percent is appropriated to the Utah State Office of Education annually for substance abuse prevention and is used to support the Prevention Dimensions program. A portion of the revenues from vehicle impound fees and driver license reinstatement fees will fund the EASY program (these revenues are initially deposited into the Department of Public Safety Restricted Account) beginning July 1, 2011; in the past, EASY has been funded out of the State General Fund. The ParentsEmpowered underage drinking media and education campaign is funded by the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control's Liquor Control Fund. Revenues in this fund are generated by the profits on the sales of alcoholic beverages in Utah.

Additional Clarification

Clarification on State Funds Used for Community-Based Programs: The \$1,473,700 is for the ParentsEmpowered underage drinking prevention media and education campaign.

Clarification on State Funds Used for K-12 School-Based Programs: \$112,000 is for the 4th-grade Mind Over Matter program that specifically targets underage drinking; \$490,000 is for the Prevention Dimensions program, which includes prevention of underage drinking as a major objective but also deals with tobacco, drugs, and violence issues.