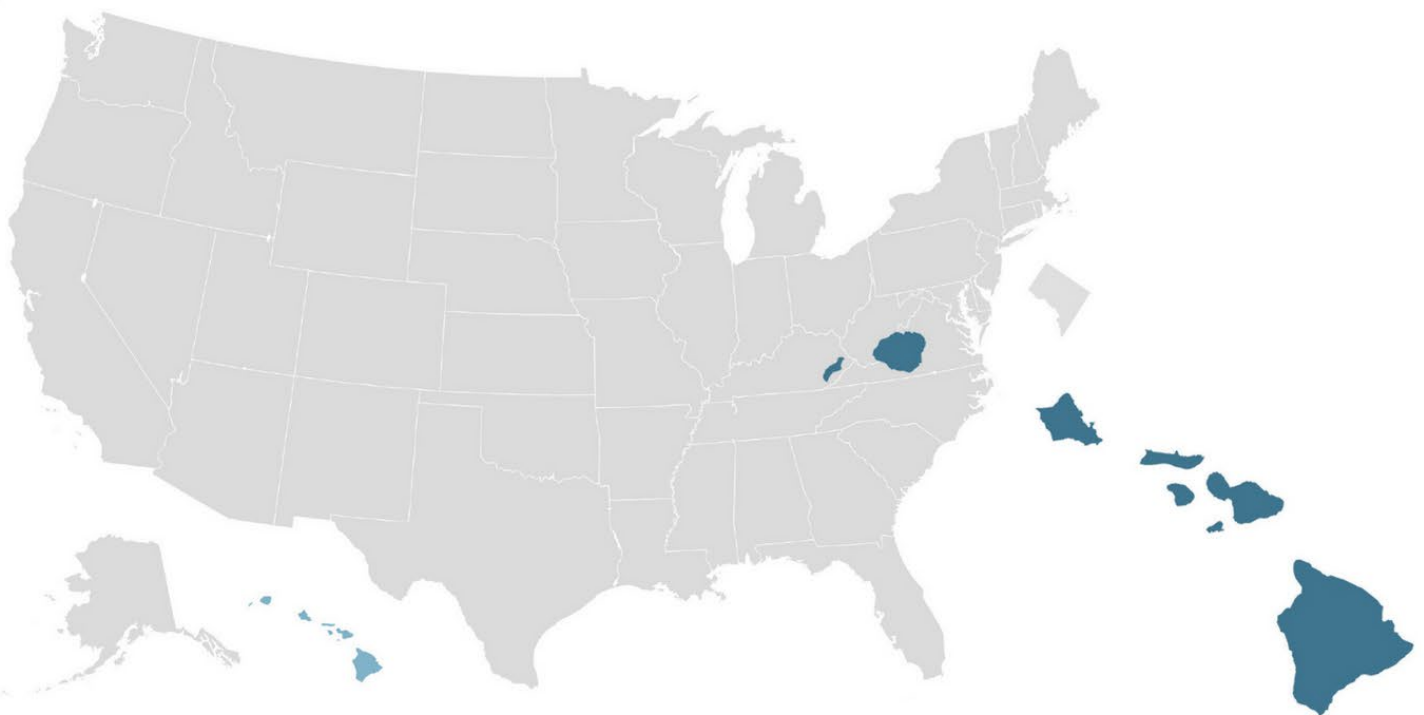




SAMHSA
Substance Abuse and Mental Health
Services Administration

Hawaii

2022 STATE REPORTS – UNDERAGE DRINKING PREVENTION AND ENFORCEMENT



ICCPUD

**THE INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COMMITTEE
ON THE PREVENTION OF UNDERAGE DRINKING (ICCPUD)**

ICCPUD

This *State Report* is required by the Sober Truth on Preventing (STOP) Underage Drinking Act (Pub. L. 109-422), enacted by Congress in 2006 and reauthorized in December 2016 as part of the 21st Century Cures Act (Pub. L. 114-255). The STOP Act requires an annual report “on each State’s performance in enacting, enforcing, and creating laws, regulations, and programs to prevent or reduce underage drinking.” As directed by the STOP Act, the State Reports were prepared by the Interagency Coordinating Committee on the Prevention of Underage Drinking (ICCPUD), chaired by Miriam Delphin-Rittmon, Ph.D., the Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and Substance Use, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

Time Period Covered by this *State Report*: This *State Report* primarily includes data from calendar year 2020 and 2021. Regional and state profile data were drawn from the most recently available federal survey data as of 2020. State legal data reflect the status of the law as of January 1, 2021. State survey data, collected in 2021, were drawn from the most recent 12-month period in which the states maintained the data.

Source of Data: For each state, overall population information was taken from 2010 Census data. Data about the portion of each state’s population comprising 12-to 20-year-olds, as well as facts about past-month alcohol use and binge use, were averaged from the 2017 through 2020 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH), SAMHSA’s Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (CBHSQ), and the NSDUH special data analysis (2021). Confidence intervals for these estimates are available from CBHSQ’s Division of Surveillance and Data Collection on request. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s Alcohol-Related Disease Impact (ARDI) application (updated May 2022) served as the resource for data about alcohol-attributable deaths from 2015–2019 among youth under age 21. ARDI was also the source for state-level data on years of potential life lost as a result of underage alcohol-related fatalities. The National Center for Statistics and Analysis’s Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS) provided the 2020 data used to present statistics about fatalities among 15- to 20-year-old drivers. State legal policy data were obtained from the following sources: 1) the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism’s Alcohol Policy Information System (APIS) website (<https://alcoholpolicy.niaaa.nih.gov/>); 2) legal research planned and managed by the ICCPUD.

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HAWAII



SAMHSA
Substance Abuse and Mental Health
Services Administration

THE INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COMMITTEE
ON THE PREVENTION OF UNDERAGE DRINKING (ICCPUD)



Hawaii

State Population: 1,407,006

Population Ages 12–20: 134,000

Past-Month Alcohol Use	
Ages 12–20	
Past-Month Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	20,000 (15.0%)
Past-Month Binge Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	12,000 (8.9%)
Ages 12–14	
Past-Month Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	1,000 (2.3%)
Past-Month Binge Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	0 (0%)
Ages 15–17	
Past-Month Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	5,000 (10.1%)
Past-Month Binge Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	3,000 (5.9%)
Ages 18–20	
Past-Month Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	14,000 (36.5%)
Past-Month Binge Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	8,000 (21.5%)
Adults Ages 21+	
Past-Month Alcohol Use – (Percentage)	506,000 (49.5%)
Past-Month Binge Alcohol Use – (Percentage)	251,000 (24.6%)
Average Age of Initiation	
Average Age of Initiation	16.2
Alcohol-Attributable Deaths and Years of Potential Life Lost Under the Age of 21 ¹	
Alcohol-Attributable Deaths (under 21)	12
Years of Potential Life Lost (under 21)	695
Fatal Crashes Involving a 15- to 20-Year-Old Driver With Blood Alcohol Concentration (BAC) > 0.01% ²	
Number of Fatalities Involving 15- to 20-Year-Old Driver With BAC > 0.01%	5
Percentage of All Fatal Crashes Involving a 15- to 20-Year-Old Driver	59%

¹ The Alcohol-Related Disease Impact Application was updated May 2022 to reflect new methodology for calculating the average annual alcohol-attributable deaths, and it reflects national and state annual averages from 2015–2019.

² Alcohol-related fatalities are estimates derived from a sophisticated statistical procedure. The estimates are rounded to the nearest whole number; however, percentages as displayed are calculated from the unrounded estimates and may not equal those calculated from the rounded estimates. Totals may not equal the sum of components due to independent rounding.

Substance Abuse Service System Overview¹

The Hawaii State Alcohol and Drug Abuse Division (ADAD) is the Single State Agency (SSA) that manages the Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant (SABG) for Hawaii. ADAD's efforts are designed to promote a statewide culturally appropriate, comprehensive system of substance abuse services to meet the treatment and recovery needs of individuals and families and to address the prevention needs of communities.

ADAD is under the Hawaii State Department of Health (DOH), Behavioral Health Administration (BHA). BHA also includes the Adult Mental Health Division (AMHD) and Child and Adolescent Mental Health Division (CAMHD). While mental health and substance abuse services are organizationally under the DOH-BHA umbrella, ADAD's operations are not integrated with AMHD and CAMHD, and ADAD is physically sited in separate and distant locations from the mental health divisions. Also, while mental health services for adults and children are administered by separate divisions, ADAD oversees and funds substance abuse services for both adults and adolescents.

ADAD is the primary source of public substance abuse treatment funds in Hawaii. Some substance abuse treatment services are publicly funded through the Hawaii Medicaid 1115 waiver program called QUEST, which is administered by the Department of Human Services. Each QUEST managed care plan determines the substance abuse treatment providers with which it will contract. Treatment services are provided to QUEST clients within the limits of the benefits in the plan.

ADAD's major functions include: grants and contracts management; monitoring implementation of treatment services and prevention activities; clinical consultation; accreditation of substance abuse treatment programs; training and certification of substance abuse counselors and program administrators; policy development; planning and coordination of services; needs assessments for substance abuse services; and information systems management.

ADAD utilizes the State procurement process to direct available Block Grant and State funds to support the provision of services for the substance abuse continuum of care. In planning for substance abuse services, ADAD focuses on four planning areas that are consistent with the State's island counties. Oahu (City and County of Honolulu) is the major planning area that comprises 69.9 percent of the State's population of 1,455,271 based on estimates from the U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Program. The other three planning areas consist of the neighbor island counties of Hawaii, Maui (which includes the islands of Maui, Molokai, and Lanai), and Kauai. The population percentage of each of these counties is as follows: Hawaii County, 13.8 percent; Maui County, 11.3 percent; and Kauai County 5.0 percent.

Substance Abuse Treatment Services

Starting October 1, 2019, ADAD implemented a 24/7 Hawaii Coordinated Access Resource Entry System (Hawaii CARES) which provides support with substance use lowering the barriers

¹ Extracted from fiscal year (FY) 2022/2023 – (Hawaii) State Behavioral Health Assessment and Plan, SABG, CSAP, Division of State Programs, Center for Substance Abuse Treatment, Division of State and Community Assistance: Planning Step One. Assess the strengths and needs of the service system to address the specific populations.

to access treatment and offers avenues of referral to on-demand SUD treatment services; these referrals will define the appropriate type of service and service location. The intent is to create a system of care that includes all SUD COC treatment service providers, both those contracted and those not contracted with the State. This will provide a system of care that lowers the barriers to referrals will define the appropriate type of service and service location. An additional CARES objective is to reduce the need or engagement of a waitlist. In order to reduce a waitlist need, the State intends that all clients, who enter into the SUD COC network, will be referred to a state contracted service provider or will be referred to a non-network provider; thus, increasing access to services for all clients. In June of 2020 the Hawaii CARES line combined two former statewide services: the ACCESS Line and the Crisis Line of Hawai'i and now provides additional services that include phone counseling and support to residents in crisis as well as providing information on mental and behavioral health services.

Supported by the State general funds, ADAD ensures access to SUD COC treatment services for adolescents through contracted school-based and community-based substance abuse treatment programs. School-based treatment services are provided at nearly all the public middle and high schools in each of the State's four counties. The school-based treatment allows for 1-8 hours per week of outpatient treatment. The community-based treatment allows for 1-9 hours per week of intensive outpatient and 1-8 hours per week of outpatient treatment services.

The Youth Treatment Implementation Grant (YT-I) awarded to ADAD has provided the State the opportunity to expand access for SUD COC treatment services and mental health services to youth ages 12-26. Through the YT-I grant, ADAD has collaborated with the Child and Adolescent Mental Health Division (CAMHD) to create expansion and coordination for multiple systems. This grant has presented the opportunity to create a direct referral process between SUD and mental health (MH) service providers. This link between SUD treatment providers and MH providers has created an expansion to access of Multi-Systemic Therapy (MST). Another activity is the creation of a residential crisis shelter for youth; this is another collaboration between ADAD, CAMHD, Office of Youth Services, and the State's Adolescent Drug Court.

Substance Use Disorder Prevention Services – Youth

Programs and service activities related to reducing minors' use of and access to tobacco and alcohol overseen by ADAD include compliance support activities and public education and policy development focusing on limiting youth access to alcohol, strictly enforcing underage drinking laws, and promoting zero tolerance for underage drinking while creating positive outlets for youth. In addition to support the required Synar Amendment Compliance and Enforcement activities, ADAD maintains a cost-reimbursement contract agreement with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for field enforcement of FDA regulations [21 CFR 897014 (a) and (b)] prohibiting tobacco and tobacco product sales to minors and carrying out inspection of retail outlets throughout the State using FDA Commissioned Officers and underage volunteers in controlled, observed undercover buy operations.

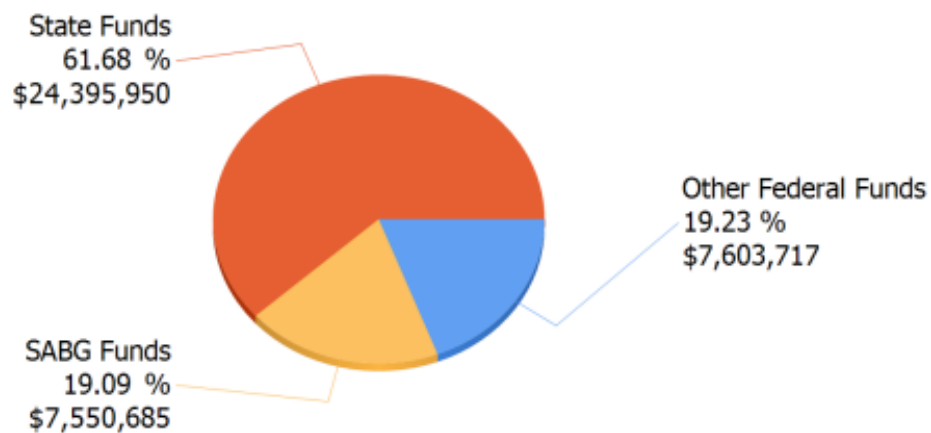
Expenditures for Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment

All states receive federal funds for substance abuse prevention through Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant (SABG) funds administered by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). Exhibit 1 shows the sources that Hawaii used for expenditures on substance abuse prevention and treatment in 2021. As indicated, state

funds and other federal funds account for the largest sources (61.68 percent and 19.23 percent, respectively).²

States submit Behavioral Assessment and Plan reports that include their priorities for use of SABG funds, as well as planned expenditures. For FY 2022-2023, Hawaii designated services to children of pregnant women and women with dependent children (up to the age of 12) with substance abuse treatment needs as priority number seven for use of SABG funds, and prevention of the use and abuse of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs by youth as priority number ten.³

Exhibit 1: Sources of Hawaii’s 2021 Expenditures for Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment



² WebBGAS State Profile, 2021 SABG and Community Mental Health Block Grant (MHBG) Reports – Hawaii 2021.

³ FY 2022/2023 – (Hawaii) State Behavioral Assessment and Plan, SABG, CSAP, Division of State Programs, Center for Substance Abuse Treatment, Division of State and Community Assistance: Table 1: Priority Areas and Annual Performance Indicators.

State Performance: Laws, Enforcement, and Programs

As mandated by the STOP Act, this report details Hawaii’s performance in enacting, enforcing, and creating laws, regulations, and programs to prevent or reduce underage drinking.

The following sections address these measures:

State Laws and Policies: These underage drinking prevention policies have been identified as best practices (or as promising practices suitable for ongoing evaluation) and fall into six categories:

- underage possession or purchase of alcohol
- underage drinking and driving
- alcohol availability
- sales and delivery to consumers at home
- alcohol pricing
- enforcement policies

STOP Act State Survey Data: The STOP Act requires annual reporting of data from the 50 states and the District of Columbia on their performance in enacting, enforcing, and creating laws, regulations, and programs to prevent or reduce underage drinking. Administered since 2011, the STOP Act State Survey collects data on the following topics:

- enforcement programs to promote compliance with underage drinking laws and regulations
- programs targeted to youth, parents, and caregivers to deter underage drinking
- state interagency collaborations to implement prevention programs, best-practice standards, collaborations with tribal governments, and participation in underage drinking media campaigns
- state expenditures on the prevention of underage drinking

Underage Possession or Purchase of Alcohol

Hawaii-Underage Possession	
Is underage possession of alcoholic beverages prohibited?	Yes
Are there exceptions based on family relationships?	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Is possession allowed if parent or guardian is present or consents? • Is possession allowed if spouse is present or consents? 	No No
Is there an exception based on location?	Yes, in any private location

Hawaii-Underage Consumption	
Is underage consumption of alcoholic beverages prohibited?	Yes
Are there exceptions based on family relationships?	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Is consumption allowed if parent or guardian is present or consents? • Is consumption allowed if spouse is present or consents? 	No No
Is there an exception based on location?	Yes, in any private location

Hawaii-Underage Internal Possession	
Is underage internal possession of alcoholic beverages prohibited?	No law
Are there exceptions based on family relationships?	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Is internal possession allowed if parent or guardian is present or consents? • Is internal possession allowed if spouse is present or consents? 	N/A N/A
Is there an exception based on location?	N/A
<p>Notes: Although Hawaii does not prohibit Internal Possession, it has a statutory provision that states that, "[n]o minor shall consume or purchase liquor and no minor shall consume or have liquor in the minor's possession or custody in any public place, public gathering, or public amusement, at any public beach or public park, or in any motor vehicle on a public highway" and that "'consume" or 'consumption' includes the ingestion of liquor." Haw. Rev. Stat. § 281-101.5. Laws that prohibit minors from having alcohol in their bodies, but which do so without reference to a blood, breath, or urine test, are not considered as prohibiting Internal Possession for purposes of this report.</p>	

Hawaii-Underage Purchase and Attempted Purchase	
Is the purchase of alcoholic beverages prohibited?	Yes
May youth purchase for law enforcement purposes?	Yes

Hawaii-Underage False Identification for Obtaining Alcohol	
Provisions Targeting Minors	
Is the use of false identification (ID) prohibited?	Yes
Does the use of a false ID result in minor’s driver’s license suspension?	Yes, through a judicial process
Provisions Targeting Suppliers	
Is the lending or transferring or selling of a false ID prohibited?	No
Is the production of a false ID in the context of underage alcohol sales specifically prohibited?	No
Retailer Support Provisions	
Is there an incentive for the retailer to use electronic scanners for information digitally encoded on valid IDs?	No
Do state statutes or regulations mandate that state driver’s licenses for persons under 21 be easily distinguishable from licenses for persons 21 and over?	Yes
May the retailer seize apparently false IDs without fear of prosecution even if the ID is ultimately deemed valid?	No
Does an affirmative defense exist for the retailer?	Yes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is it a specific affirmative defense (retailer reasonably believed ID was valid after examining it)? 	No
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is it a general affirmative defense (retailer reasonably believed purchaser was over 21)? 	Yes
Does the retailer have the right to sue the minor for use of a false ID?	No
May the retailer detain a minor who used a false ID?	No
<p>Notes: In Hawaii, the retailer has a defense to a charge of furnishing to a minor if, in making the sale or allowing the consumption of liquor by a minor, the retailer was misled by the appearance of the minor and the attending circumstances into honestly believing that the minor was of legal age, and if the retailer can prove that he or she acted in good faith.</p>	

Underage Drinking and Driving

Hawaii-Youth Blood Alcohol Concentration Limits (Underage Operators of Noncommercial Motor Vehicles)	
What is the maximum blood alcohol concentration (BAC) limit for an underage driver of a motor vehicle?	0.02
Does a BAC level in excess of limit automatically establish a violation (per se violation)?	Yes
What is the minimum age to which the limit applies?	0

What is the maximum age to which the limit applies?	21
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Hawaii-Loss of Driving Privileges for Alcohol Violations by Minors (“Use/Lose” Laws)—Discretionary	
Is there a “use/lose” law that suspends or revokes a minor’s driving privileges for alcohol violations?	Yes
What types of violation lead to license suspension or revocation?	
• Purchase of alcohol	Yes
• Possession of alcohol	Yes
• Consumption of alcohol	Yes
The law applies to people under what age?	18
Is suspension or revocation mandatory or discretionary?	Discretionary
What is the length of suspension/revocation?	
Minimum number of days	180
Maximum number of days	Not specified

Hawaii-Loss of Driving Privileges for Alcohol Violations by Minors (“Use/Lose” Laws)—Mandatory	
Is there a “use/lose” law that suspends or revokes a minor’s driving privileges for alcohol violations?	Yes
What types of violation lead to license suspension or revocation?	
• Purchase of alcohol	Yes
• Possession of alcohol	Yes
• Consumption of alcohol	Yes
The law applies to people under what age?	21
Is suspension or revocation mandatory or discretionary?	Mandatory
What is the length of suspension/revocation?	
Minimum number of days	180
Maximum number of days	Not specified

Hawaii-Graduated Driver’s Licenses	
Learner Stage	
What is the minimum age for permit to drive with parents, guardians or other adults (other than instructors)?	15 years, 6 months
What is the minimum number of months driver must hold learner permit before advancing to intermediate stage?	6
What is the minimum number of hours of driving with parents, guardians or adults before advancing to intermediate stage?	50 (10 of which must be at night)

Intermediate Stage	
What is the minimum age for driving without adult supervision?	16
For night driving, when does adult supervision requirement begin?	11:00 PM
Can law enforcement stop a driver for night driving violation as a primary offense?	Yes
Are there restrictions on passengers?	Yes, no more than one passenger under 18, except household members, unless accompanied by parent or guardian.
Can law enforcement stop driver for violation of passenger restrictions as a primary offense?	Yes
License Stage	
What is the minimum age for full license privileges and lifting of restrictions?	17

Alcohol Availability

Hawaii-Furnishing Alcohol to Minors	
Is furnishing of alcoholic beverages to minors prohibited?	Yes
Are there exceptions based on family relationships?	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is furnishing allowed if the parent or guardian supplies the alcohol? 	Yes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is furnishing allowed if the spouse supplies the alcohol? 	No
Is there an exception based on location?	No
Affirmative Defense for Sellers and Licensees	
Does law require seller/licensee to be exonerated of furnishing to a minor if the minor has not been charged?	No

Hawaii -Responsible Beverage Service (RBS)	
Is there a state law pertaining to Beverage Service Training?	No
If training is mandatory, who must participate?	N/A
If training is voluntary, which of the following incentives are offered?	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Defense in dram shop liability lawsuits 	N/A
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discounts in dram shop liability insurance, license fees, or other 	N/A
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mitigation of fines or other administrative penalties for sales to minors or intoxicated persons 	N/A
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protection against license revocation for sales to minors or sales to intoxicated persons 	N/A

Does the RBS law apply to on-premises establishments (such as bars and restaurants) or off-premises establishments (such as liquor stores)?	N/A
Does the RBS law apply to new or existing licensees?	N/A

Hawaii-Minimum Ages for Sellers of Alcohol – Off-Premises (i.e., Liquor Stores)	
What is the minimum age requirement for off-premises retail establishments?	
Beer	18
Wine	18
Spirits	18
Does a manager or supervisor have to be present when an underage person is selling beverages?	Yes
Notes: Liquor can be sold by persons 18 to 20 years of age only in licensed establishments where selling or serving the intoxicating liquor is part of the minor's employment and where there is proper supervision of these minor employees to ensure that the minors shall not consume the intoxicating liquor.	

Hawaii-Minimum Age for Alcohol Servers and Bartenders – On-Premises (i.e., Restaurants and Bars)	
What is the minimum age requirement for servers in on-premises establishments?	
Beer	18
Wine	18
Spirits	18
What is the minimum age requirement for bartenders in on-premises establishments?	
Beer	18
Wine	18
Spirits	18
Does a manager or supervisor have to be present when an underage person is selling beverages?	Yes
Notes: Liquor can be sold or served by persons 18 to 20 years of age only in licensed establishments where selling or serving the intoxicating liquor is part of the minor's employment and where there is proper supervision of these minor employees to ensure that the minors shall not consume the intoxicating liquor.	

Hawaii-Distance Limitations Applied to New Alcohol Outlets Near Universities, Colleges, and Primary and Secondary Schools	
Colleges and Universities	
Is there a distance requirement for off-premises outlets (i.e., liquor stores)?	No
Is there a distance requirement for on-premises outlets (i.e., restaurants and bars)?	No
To which alcohol products does requirement apply?	N/A

Primary and Secondary Schools	
Is there a distance requirement for off-premises outlets (i.e., liquor stores)?	No
Is there a distance requirement for on-premises outlets (i.e., restaurants and bars)?	Yes, within 500 feet, if 40 percent of registered voters or property owners within area protest.
To which alcohol products does requirement apply?	Beer, wine, and spirits
Notes: Exceptions are 1) designated resort areas; and 2) hotel or condominium hotel liquor licenses.	

Hawaii-Dram Shop Liability	
Does a statute create dram shop liability?	No
Does the statute limit damages that may be recovered?	N/A
Does the statute limit who may be sued?	N/A
Does the statute limit elements or standards of proof?	N/A
Does common law dram shop liability exist?	Yes

Hawaii-Social Host Liability	
Does a statute create social host liability?	Yes
Does the statute limit damages that may be recovered?	No
Does the statute limit who may be sued?	Yes (social host must be 21 years of age or older)
Does the statute limit elements or standards of proof?	No
Does common law social host liability exist?	No

Hawaii-Prohibitions Against Hosting Underage Drinking Parties	
Does a statute prohibit hosting underage drinking parties?	Yes
Is the statute specific to underage parties, or a general prohibition against permitting underage drinking on the property?	General
What action by underage guest triggers a violation?	Possession
Property type covered by the law?	Residential/outdoor/other
What level of knowledge by the host is required?	Recklessness (Host must act with intentional disregard for probable consequence of actions)
Does host's preventive action protect him/her from being held liable?	No
Are there any exceptions for underage guests?	Yes, family members

Hawaii-Keg Registration	
How is a keg defined (in gallons)?	No law
Prohibitions	

Is it illegal to possess an unregistered or unlabeled keg and if so, what is the penalty?	No law
Is it illegal to destroy the label on a keg, and if so, what is the penalty?	No law
What purchaser information is collected?	
Must the retailer collect the name and address?	No law
Must the retailer collect the ID number, name and address on license or other government information?	No law
Must the retailer collect the address at which keg will be consumed?	No law
Must warning information be given to purchaser?	No law
Is a deposit required?	No law
Does law cover disposable kegs?	No law

Hawaii-High-Proof Grain Alcohol Beverages	
Are there restrictions on the sale of high-proof grain alcohol beverages?	No
Are restrictions based on Alcohol by Volume (ABV)?	N/A
Are there exceptions to restrictions?	N/A

Sales and Delivery to Consumers at Home

Hawaii-Retailer Interstate Shipments of Alcohol	
Are out-of-state retailers prohibited from sending interstate shipments to in-state consumers?	
Beer	Uncertain
Wine	Uncertain
Spirits	Uncertain
Notes: Any adult may obtain a state permit to receive one shipment of beer, wine, or distilled spirits per year for personal use from outside the state, not to exceed five gallons. Only one permit is allowed per household. It is uncertain whether an out-of-state retailer may ship the alcohol directly to the permittee for his or her personal use.	

Hawaii-Direct Shipments/Sales	
May alcohol producers ship directly to consumers?	Yes
What alcohol types may be shipped?	Wine
Must purchaser make mandatory trip to producer before delivery is authorized?	No
Age verification requirements	

Must the producer/shipper verify purchaser's age before sale?	No
Must the common carrier (deliverer) verify age of recipients?	No
State approval/permit requirements	
Must the producer/manufacture obtain state license or permit?	Yes
Must the common carrier (deliverer) be approved by a state agency?	No
Recording/reporting requirements	
Must the producer/manufacture record/report purchaser's name?	No
Must the common carrier (deliverer) record/report recipient's name?	No
Shipping label requirements	
Must the label state "Package contains alcohol"?	Yes
Must the label state "Recipient must be 21 years old"?	Yes
Notes: Any adult may obtain a state permit to receive one shipment of beer, wine, or distilled spirits per year for personal use from outside the state, not to exceed five gallons. Only one permit is allowed per household.	

Hawaii-Home Delivery	
Is home delivery of alcohol permitted?	
Beer	No law
Wine	No law
Spirits	No law

Hawaii- Direct to Consumer	
Is there a policy allowing on-premises retailers to deliver alcohol to a consumer at home?	No
Which on-premises retailers can provide delivery of alcoholic beverages? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restaurant • Bar license • Third party license 	N/A N/A N/A
Which types of alcohol are permitted to be delivered? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Beer • Wine • Spirits • Mixed Drinks 	N/A N/A N/A N/A

Requirements and Restrictions	
Are there restrictions in place addressing details of the delivery? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hours limited Amount of alcohol limited Food requirement 	N/A N/A N/A
Are there certain requirements that the delivery person must meet? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Must be 21 Must check ID at point of delivery Must receive payment regardless of delivery completion 	N/A N/A N/A

Alcohol Pricing

Hawaii-Alcohol Taxes	
Beer	
Control system for beer?	No
Specific excise tax per gallon for 5% alcohol beer	\$0.93
Ad valorem excise tax (for on-premises sales) on total receipts for 5% alcohol beer	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> General sales tax rate 	Not relevant
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax) 	Not relevant
Ad valorem excise tax (for off-premises sales) on total receipts for 5% alcohol beer	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> General sales tax rate 	Not relevant
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax) 	Not relevant

Additional taxes for 3.2 – 6% alcohol beer if applicable	
Notes: Fifty-four cents per gallon for containers of 7 gallons or more.	
Wine	
Control system for wine?	No
Specific excise tax per gallon for 12% alcohol wine	\$1.38
Ad valorem excise tax (for on-premises sales) on total receipts for 12% alcohol wine	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
• General sales tax rate	Not relevant
• Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax)	Not relevant
Ad valorem excise tax (for off-premises sales) on total receipts for 12% alcohol wine	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
• General sales tax rate	Not relevant
• Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax)	Not relevant
Additional taxes for 6 – 14% alcohol wine if applicable	
Spirits	
Control system for spirits?	No
Specific excise tax per gallon for 40% alcohol spirits	\$5.98
Ad valorem excise tax (for on-premises sales) on total receipts for 40% alcohol spirits	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
• General sales tax rate	Not relevant
• Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax)	Not relevant

Ad valorem excise tax (for off-premises sales) on total receipts for 40% alcohol spirits	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
• General sales tax rate	Not relevant
• Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax)	Not relevant
Additional taxes for 15 – 50% alcohol spirits if applicable	

Hawaii-Low-Price, High-Volume Drink Specials	
Are on-premises retailers prohibited from offering the following types of drink specials?	
Free beverages	No
Multiple servings at one time	No
Multiple servings for same price as single serving	No
Reduced price for a specified day or time (i.e., happy hours)	No
Unlimited beverages for fixed price	No
Increased volume without increase in price	No

Hawaii-Wholesaler Pricing Restrictions	
Beer	
Are volume discounts to retailers allowed?	No law
Must wholesalers establish a minimum markup or maximum discount for each product sold to retailers?	No law
Must wholesalers publicly post and hold (i.e., not reduce) prices for a set period of time?	No law
Is wholesaler permitted to extend credit to retailer and if so, what is the maximum time period?	Yes (30 days maximum)
Wine	
Are volume discounts to retailers allowed?	No law
Must wholesalers establish a minimum markup or maximum discount for each product sold to retailers?	No law
Must wholesalers publicly post and hold (i.e., not reduce) prices for a set period of time?	No law

Is wholesaler permitted to extend credit to retailer and if so, what is the maximum time period?	Yes (30 days maximum)
Spirits	
Are volume discounts to retailers allowed?	No law
Must wholesalers establish a minimum markup or maximum discount for each product sold to retailers?	No law
Must wholesalers publicly post and hold (i.e., not reduce) prices for a set period of time?	No law
Is wholesaler permitted to extend credit to retailer and if so, what is the maximum time period?	Yes (30 days maximum)

Enforcement Policies

Hawaii-Compliance Check Protocols	
Does the state have a written protocol for when an underage decoy is used in compliance checks?	No
What is the minimum age a decoy may be to participate in a compliance check?	N/A
What is the maximum age a decoy may be to participate in a compliance check?	N/A
Are there appearance requirements for the decoy?	N/A
Does decoy carry ID during compliance check?	N/A
May decoy verbally exaggerate his or her actual age?	N/A
Is decoy training mandated, recommended, prohibited, or not specified?	N/A

Hawaii-Penalty Guidelines for Sales to Minors	
Are there written guidelines for penalties that are imposed on retailers for furnishing to a minor?	No data
What is the time period for defining second, third, and subsequent offenses?	N/A
What is the penalty for the first offense?	N/A
What is the penalty for the second offense?	N/A
What is the penalty for the third offense?	N/A
What is the penalty for the fourth offense?	N/A

Hawaii State Survey Responses

State Agency Information

Agency with primary responsibility for enforcing underage drinking laws:
Local County Police Departments and the County Liquor Control Board

Enforcement Strategies

State law enforcement agencies use:

Cops in Shops	No
Shoulder Tap Operations	No
Party Patrol Operations or Programs	No
Underage Alcohol–Related Fatality Investigations	Yes

Local law enforcement agencies use:

Cops in Shops	No
Shoulder Tap Operations	No
Party Patrol Operations or Programs	No
Underage Alcohol–Related Fatality Investigations	No

State has a program to investigate and enforce direct sales/shipment laws	Don't know
Primary state agency responsible for enforcing laws addressing direct sales/shipments of alcohol to minors	Not applicable
Such laws are also enforced by local law enforcement agencies	Not applicable

Enforcement Statistics

State collects data on the number of minors found in possession	Yes
Number of minors found in possession ¹ by state law enforcement agencies	134
Number pertains to the 12 months ending	09/15/2021
Data include arrests/citations issued by local law enforcement agencies	Yes
State conducts underage compliance checks/decoy operations ² to determine whether alcohol retailers are complying with laws prohibiting sales to minors	Yes
Data are collected on these activities	Yes
Number of retail licensees in state ³	530
Number of licensees checked for compliance by state agencies (including random checks)	530
Number of licensees that failed state compliance checks	47
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	09/15/2021
Compliance checks/decoy operations conducted at on-sale, off-sale, or both retail establishments	On-sale establishments only
State conducts random underage compliance checks/decoy operations	No
Number of licensees subject to random state compliance checks/decoy operations	Not applicable
Number of licensees that failed random state compliance checks	Not applicable
Local agencies conduct underage compliance checks/decoy operations to determine whether alcohol retailers are complying with laws prohibiting sales to minors	Yes
Data are collected on these activities	Yes
Number of licensees checked for compliance by local agencies	408
Number of licensees that failed local compliance checks	43
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	03/14/2020

Sanctions

State collects data on fines imposed on retail establishments that furnish to minors	Don't know
Number of fines imposed by the state ⁴	Not applicable
Total amount in fines across all licensees	Not applicable
Smallest fine imposed	Not applicable
Largest fine imposed	Not applicable

Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	Not applicable
<i>State collects data on license suspensions imposed on retail establishments specifically for furnishing to minors</i>	Don't know
Number of suspensions imposed by the state ⁵	Not applicable
Total days of suspensions across all licensees	Not applicable
Shortest period of suspension imposed (in days)	Not applicable
Longest period of suspension imposed (in days)	Not applicable
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	Not applicable
<i>State collects data on license revocations imposed on retail establishments specifically for furnishing to minors</i>	Don't know
Number of license revocations imposed ⁶	Not applicable
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	Not applicable

Additional Clarification

The data in this section is based on responses from the County of Kauai and City and County of Honolulu Police Departments (PD) and the Honolulu Liquor Commission.

The disaggregated number of minors found in possession is as follows.

Honolulu Liquor Commission: 19 minors; reporting period ending 09/15/2021

Kauai County PD: 1 ages 9-17 and 114 ages 18-20; reporting period ending 09/14/2021

Related data provided.

Kauai County PD: 50 - promoting intoxicating liquor to a minor; reporting period ending 09/14/2021

City and County of Honolulu: 1 - providing or purchasing liquor for consumption or use by a person under 21 years of age; reporting period ending 10/05/2021

¹ Or having consumed or purchased per state statutes.

² Underage compliance checks/decoy operations to determine whether alcohol retailers are complying with laws prohibiting sales to minors.

³ Excluding special licenses such as temporary, seasonal, and common carrier licenses.

⁴ Does not include fines imposed by local agencies.

⁵ Does not include suspensions imposed by local agencies.

⁶ Does not include revocations imposed by local agencies.

Underage Drinking Prevention Programs Operated or Funded by the State

Evidence-Based Programs (EBP)

Number of youth served	2,471
Number of parents served	No data
Number of caregivers served	No data
Program has been evaluated	Yes
Evaluation report is available	Yes
URL for evaluation report:	Botvin LifeSkills: Raquel.Gali@usw.salvat ionarmy.org & Momi@mfss.org; Media Ready: apump@cfs- hawaii.org; Positive Action: vacrabb@alulike.org; Project Alert: cfernandez@bgch.com and cfox@hinamauka.org; Project Towards No

Drug Abuse:
 apump@cfs-hawaii.org;
 Project Venture:
 travis.fernandez@myfs.
 org; Why Try:
 ckameoka@drugfreeha
 waii.org
 No Data

URL for more program information:

Program Description: Botvin LifeSkills Training targets the major social and psychological factors that promote the initiation of substance use (to include alcohol) and other risky behaviors. It consists of three major components: drug resistance skills, personal self-management skills, and general social skills. This promotes resistance to peer pressure, a greater self-esteem and self-confidence, effective coping skills, and increases the youth’s knowledge of the consequences of alcohol use.

Media Ready educates students about marketing strategies of companies selling alcohol, tobacco, and other products and how they are designed to specifically target the adolescent population. It teaches critical thinking skills to youth to decrease the negative influence of these advertisements.

Positive Action addresses the social emotional well-being of individuals. When individuals feel good about themselves, they are less likely to decide to drink alcohol. The lessons include self-concept, management, and improvement; social emotional; goal setting; relationships; and values.

Project Alert is designed to reduce substance use (to include alcohol) by teaching youth about the physical and mental consequences of alcohol use, the importance of avoiding harmful substances for a healthy body and self-concept, the ability to identify harmful substances, like alcohol, link them with their negative effects, and to develop and demonstrate strategies to resist peer and social pressure to drink alcohol.

Project Towards No Drug Abuse addresses underage drinking by providing education about alcohol, tobacco, and other drug use and teaching positive coping skills (i.e., talking with a friend, doing sports and recreational activities, etc.) as alternatives to drinking and using other substances to deal with stress and anxiety. One lesson engages students in a role play about the negative impact of drinking upon a family.

Project Venture is an outdoor experiential education program that targets at-risk native youth and focuses on cultural values to promote healthy pro-social development. The goal of the program is to build resilience among youth by enhancing their positive self-concept, effective social and communication skills, community service ethic, decision-making and problem-solving skills, and self-efficacy to increase their resistance of alcohol use.

Why Try works to reduce violence, bullying, disciplinary behaviors, and other risk factors for underage drinking and other substance use. The program improves protective factors including academic performance, social behavior, emotional health, self-control, self-concept, and resiliency skills. Activities focus on helping youth to positively engage in life and school by making good decisions, developing resiliency skills, and creating a positive outlook for the future.

Innovative Interventions (II)	
Number of youth served	1
Number of parents served	63
Number of caregivers served	No data
Program has been evaluated	Yes
Evaluation report is available	Yes
URL for evaluation report:	tanseyn@gmail.com
URL for more program information:	No data

Program Description: Sustainable Families and Sustainable Youth are programs that focus on reducing risk factors associated with substance use (to include alcohol) by promoting collaboration and social engagement in families and youth. Families learn a democratic approach to parenting and utilize a raised garden bed as their platform for cooperation. Youth develop tangible skills and self-worth through gardening and being paired with a positive role model.

Community Coalitions (CC) to Address Underage Drinking

Number of youth served	853,299
Number of parents served	1,561
Number of caregivers served	No data
Program has been evaluated	Yes
Evaluation report is available	Yes
URL for evaluation report:	Community Works in 96744: Kgolis-robello@pacthawaii.org ; Hawaii Alcohol Policy Alliance: chelsea@hiphi.org; Hawaii Partnership to Prevention Underage Drinking: ctakahashi@cfs-hawaii.org
URL for more program information:	No data

Program Description: Community Works in 96744 aims to prevent youth substance abuse, strengthen community collaboration, improve the overall health of the community, and strengthen families. The coalition disseminates information on alcohol, health, and wellness through its social media platforms and has hosted a six-word story. The coalition is also working on developing a social host ordinance. Additionally, its Youth Council created and disseminated the “Right Way Out” board game to the community.

East Hawaii Drug-Free Coalition aims to prevent and reduce substance misuse impacting keiki to kupuna (children to grandparents) with a focus on eliminating underage drinking. The coalition is in the planning stage of the Strategic Prevention Framework; however, they have participated in a sign waving event for Alcohol Awareness Month to spread awareness to the community.

Hawaii Alcohol Policy Alliance aims to educate the community and advocate for evidence-based, responsible alcohol policies to reduce youth use and alcohol-related harms in their communities. The coalition is focusing on increasing the alcohol excise tax for the State.

Hawaii Partnership to Prevention Underage Drinking aims to prevent underage drinking through inter-agency/organization collaborative efforts. The coalition has created a campaign called Under 21, No Can, where they disseminate information to licensed establishments to access locally made server training videos. The campaign also includes information for parents and caregivers to communicate about underage drinking with their youth, as well as information on alcohol-related laws.

Maui Coalition for a Drug-Free Youth aims to use data-driven strategies for the development of a community in which young people can thrive and progress in society without the detrimental effects of substance use and abuse. The coalition's efforts are focused on effecting environmental change and have recently advocated for and passed a local civil social host ordinance.

Additional Underage Drinking Prevention Programs Operated or Funded by the State

No data

Additional Clarification

The EBPs are funded with State General, Substance Abuse Block Grant and Strategic Prevention Framework-Partnerships for Success Grant funds. The II is funded with State General Funds. The CCs are funded with Strategic Prevention Framework-Partnerships for Success Grant funds.

The number of youth served is underrepresented as data is still being entered into the State's management information system.

The number of parents served for II includes youth as the data report does not identify the age of the participants. The number of parents served for the CCs are with regards to a general adult population and not specifically parents.

Additional Information Related to Underage Drinking Prevention Programs

<i>State collaborates with federally recognized tribal governments in the prevention of underage drinking</i>	No recognized tribal governments
Description of collaboration: Not applicable	
<i>State has programs to measure and/or reduce youth exposure to alcohol advertising and marketing</i>	Yes
Description of program: Media Ready educates students about marketing strategies of companies selling alcohol, tobacco, and other products and how they are designed to specifically target youth. It teaches critical thinking skills to youth to decrease the negative influence of these advertisements. The Community Works in 96744 Coalition hosted a virtual Art Contest to create counter-advertising messages. The Maui Coalition for Drug-Free Youth Coalition conducted a training on environmental scans and conducted the scan with youth.	
<i>State collaborates with/participates in media campaigns to prevent underage drinking</i>	Yes
Federal campaigns:	No
Regional and local media campaigns: Proud to be Pono	Yes
Local school district efforts:	No
Other:	No
<i>State collaborates with/participates in SAMHSA's national media campaign, "Talk. They Hear You."</i>	Yes
State officially endorses TTHY efforts	No
State commits state resources for TTHY	No
State forwards TTHY materials to local areas	Yes
Other: Community Coalitions participate directly with TTHY by posting TTHY materials on their social media outlets.	Yes
<i>State procures funding for TTHY</i>	No
Pro bono	Not applicable
Donated air time	Not applicable
Earned media	Not applicable
Other:	Not applicable
<i>State has adopted or developed best practice standards for underage drinking prevention programs</i>	Yes
Agencies/organizations that established best practices standards:	
Federal agency(ies): Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)	Yes
Agency(ies) within your state:	No
Nongovernmental agency(ies):	No
Other: Evidence-Based Workgroup (EBW)	Yes

Best practice standards description: The EBW consists of evaluators, experts, and ex-officio members whose purpose is to enhance the prevention system's use of data-driven and evidence-based approach by building capacity in developing and implementing evidence-based programs, practices, and policies (EBP). Focus areas include developing policies and guidelines regarding adaptations and evaluation; advising the selection of EBPs; assisting the State to review and comment on adaptation requests; and providing presentations and trainings.

Additional Clarification

No data

State Interagency Collaboration

A state-level interagency governmental body/committee exists to coordinate or address underage drinking prevention activities No

Committee contact information:
Not applicable

Agencies/organizations represented on the committee:
Not applicable

A website or other public source exists to describe committee activities Not applicable
URL or other means of access: Not applicable

Underage Drinking Reports

State has prepared a plan for preventing underage drinking in the last 3 years No
Prepared by: Not applicable
Plan can be accessed via: Not applicable

State has prepared a report on preventing underage drinking in the last 3 years Yes
Prepared by: The State Epidemiologic Outcomes Workgroup prepared the report, "2018 Hawai'i State Epidemiologic Profile: Selected Youth and Adult Alcohol Indicators".
Report can be accessed via: https://health.hawaii.gov/substance-abuse/files/2019/06/Alcohol_2018_Hawaii_State_Epidemiologic_Profile.pdf

Additional Clarification

No data

State Expenditures for the Prevention of Underage Drinking

Compliance checks in retail outlets:
Estimate of state funds expended \$100,000
Estimate based on the 12 months ending 09/30/2021

Checkpoints and saturation patrols:
Estimate of state funds expended Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending Data not available

Community-based programs to prevent underage drinking:
Estimate of state funds expended \$366,300
Estimate based on the 12 months ending 09/30/2021

K-12 school-based programs to prevent underage drinking:
Estimate of state funds expended \$231,300
Estimate based on the 12 months ending 09/30/2021

Programs targeted to institutes of higher learning:
Estimate of state funds expended Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending Data not available

Programs that target youth in the juvenile justice system:
Estimate of state funds expended Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending Data not available

Programs that target youth in the child welfare system:
Estimate of state funds expended Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending Data not available

Other programs:

Programs or strategies included:	Data not available
Estimate of state funds expended:	Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending:	Data not available

Funds Dedicated to Underage Drinking

State derives funds dedicated to underage drinking from the following revenue streams:

Taxes	No data
Fines	No data
Fees	No data
Other: No data	No data

Description of funding streams and how they are used:

No data

Additional Clarification

General funds are allocated to the Office of Public Health Studies (OPHS) to conduct alcohol compliance checks on the island of Oahu. The contract period resulting in local compliance check data ending 03/14/2020 focused on off-premise compliance checks with a contract amount of \$115,000. The focus of the current contract is on on-premise compliance checks on Oahu.

A majority of the State's funds (General, SABG, and SPF-PFS) are allocated to community-based organizations to implement evidence-based programs, innovative interventions, and community coalitions work that address underage drinking under the SPF model. The following are SABG and SPF-PFS allocations.

Estimate of SABG funds expended for COMMUNITY-BASED programs: \$229,200
12 months ending: 09/30/2021

Estimate of SPF-PFS funds expended for COMMUNITY-BASED programs: \$879,000
12 months ending: 09/29/2021

Estimate of SABG funds expended for K-12 SCHOOL-BASED programs: \$1,718,000
12 months ending: 09/30/2021

Estimate of SPF-PFS funds expended for K-12 SCHOOL-BASED programs: \$65,000
12 months ending: 09/29/2021



**THE INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COMMITTEE
ON THE PREVENTION OF UNDERAGE DRINKING (ICCPUD)**

ICCPUD