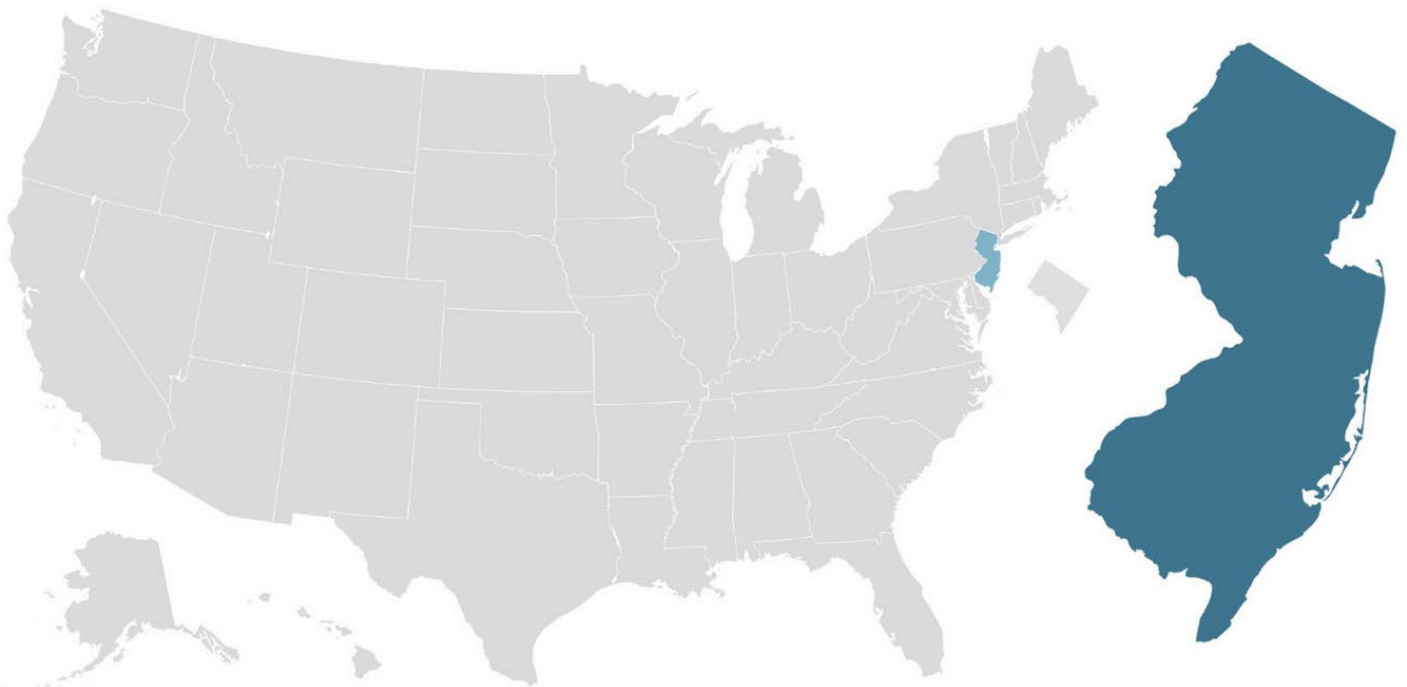




SAMHSA
Substance Abuse and Mental Health
Services Administration

New Jersey

2022 STATE REPORTS – UNDERAGE DRINKING PREVENTION AND ENFORCEMENT



ICCPUD

**THE INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COMMITTEE
ON THE PREVENTION OF UNDERAGE DRINKING (ICCPUD)**

ICCPUD

This *State Report* is required by the Sober Truth on Preventing (STOP) Underage Drinking Act (Pub. L. 109-422), enacted by Congress in 2006 and reauthorized in December 2016 as part of the 21st Century Cures Act (Pub. L. 114-255). The STOP Act requires an annual report “on each State’s performance in enacting, enforcing, and creating laws, regulations, and programs to prevent or reduce underage drinking.” As directed by the STOP Act, the State Reports were prepared by the Interagency Coordinating Committee on the Prevention of Underage Drinking (ICCPUD), chaired by Miriam Delphin-Rittmon, Ph.D., the Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and Substance Use, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS).

Time Period Covered by this *State Report*: This *State Report* primarily includes data from calendar year 2020 and 2021. Regional and state profile data were drawn from the most recently available federal survey data as of 2020. State legal data reflect the status of the law as of January 1, 2021. State survey data, collected in 2021, were drawn from the most recent 12-month period in which the states maintained the data.

Source of Data: For each state, overall population information was taken from 2010 Census data. Data about the portion of each state’s population comprising 12-to 20-year-olds, as well as facts about past-month alcohol use and binge use, were averaged from the 2017 through 2020 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH), SAMHSA’s Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (CBHSQ), and the NSDUH special data analysis (2021). Confidence intervals for these estimates are available from CBHSQ’s Division of Surveillance and Data Collection on request. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s Alcohol-Related Disease Impact (ARDI) application (updated May 2022) served as the resource for data about alcohol-attributable deaths from 2015–2019 among youth under age 21. ARDI was also the source for state-level data on years of potential life lost as a result of underage alcohol-related fatalities. The National Center for Statistics and Analysis’s Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS) provided the 2020 data used to present statistics about fatalities among 15- to 20-year-old drivers. State legal policy data were obtained from the following sources: 1) the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism’s Alcohol Policy Information System (APIS) website (<https://alcoholpolicy.niaaa.nih.gov/>); 2) legal research planned and managed by the ICCPUD.

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NEW JERSEY



THE INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COMMITTEE
ON THE PREVENTION OF UNDERAGE DRINKING (ICCPUD)



New Jersey

State Population: 8,882,371

Population Ages 12–20: 1,023,000

Past-Month Alcohol Use	
Ages 12–20	
Past-Month Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	232,000 (22.7%)
Past-Month Binge Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	149,000 (14.5%)
Ages 12–14	
Past-Month Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	5,000 (1.4%)
Past-Month Binge Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	1,000 (0.2%)
Ages 15–17	
Past-Month Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	73,000 (22.8%)
Past-Month Binge Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	44,000 (13.8%)
Ages 18–20	
Past-Month Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	154,000 (44.6%)
Past-Month Binge Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	103,000 (29.9%)
Adults Ages 21+	
Past-Month Alcohol Use – (Percentage)	3,710,000 (56.9%)
Past-Month Binge Alcohol Use – (Percentage)	1,748,000 (26.8%)
Average Age of Initiation	
Average Age of Initiation	16
Alcohol-Attributable Deaths and Years of Potential Life Lost Under the Age of 21 ¹	
Alcohol-Attributable Deaths (under 21)	67
Years of Potential Life Lost (under 21)	3,860
Fatal Crashes Involving a 15- to 20-Year-Old Driver With Blood Alcohol Concentration (BAC) > 0.01% ²	
Number of Fatalities Involving 15- to 20-Year-Old Driver With BAC > 0.01%	13
Percentage of All Fatal Crashes Involving a 15- to 20-Year-Old Driver	19%

¹ The Alcohol-Related Disease Impact Application was updated May 2022 to reflect new methodology for calculating the average annual alcohol-attributable deaths, and it reflects national and state annual averages from 2015–2019.

² Alcohol-related fatalities are estimates derived from a sophisticated statistical procedure. The estimates are rounded to the nearest whole number; however, percentages as displayed are calculated from the unrounded estimates and may not equal those calculated from the rounded estimates. Totals may not equal the sum of components due to independent rounding.

Behavioral Health Overview¹

The Department of Human Services (DHS) serves more than 2.1 million of New Jersey's most vulnerable citizens, or about one of every five New Jersey residents. DHS serves individuals and families with low incomes, people with mental illnesses and/or substance abuse issues, developmental disabilities, late-onset disabilities, the blind, visually impaired, deaf, hard of hearing, or deaf-blind, and aging individuals. In addition, the Department serves parents needing child care services, child support and/or healthcare for their children, as well as families facing catastrophic medical expenses for their children. DHS has the following Divisions: Division of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing; Division of Developmental Disabilities; Division of Disability Services; Division of Family Development, Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services; Division of Aging Services; and the Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services (DMHAS). These divisions provide many support systems for the families of children served by the Department of Children and Families (DCF). The DHS also operates the Commission for the Blind and Visually Impaired.

New Jersey manages the public behavioral health system separately for adult and children services. Specifically, the adult behavioral health system is managed by the Department of Human Services (DHS), Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services (DMHAS) while the children's behavioral health system is managed by the Department of Children and Families (DCF), Children's System of Care (CSOC). Prior to 2006, the DHS managed both the adult and children's mental health and substance use disorder system. Later, in 2013, the adult and children's substance abuse health systems were separated. The substance abuse programs that serve children under 18 years were transferred in July 2013 and children in the South Jersey Initiative were transferred in December 2013. DMHAS continues to manage the Children's Crisis Intervention Services (CCIS) and blended mental health programs (serving both children and adults).

DMHAS is the Single State Authority (SSA) for substance abuse in New Jersey. Between the Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment (SAPT) Block Grant and other federal and state resources. The SSA provides services across the continuum of care, which includes prevention, early intervention, treatment and recovery support. In FFY 2020 and 2021, the SSA funds: a) 19 community-based prevention coalitions for the provision of prevention programs with a focus on environmental strategies, b) over 30 community-based prevention providers that offer a variety of evidence-based curricula for children, adolescents, older adults, and families, c) two state institutions of higher education that provide early intervention services (Rutgers University and The College of New Jersey), e) four recovery-based housing residences and case management and supportive services for consumers with an opioid use disorder (OUD) who are homeless or at risk of homelessness, f) a Women's Intensive Supportive Housing (WISH) program, g) two Intensive Supportive Housing (ISH) programs, h) 24-hour Addictions Hotline services, i) two non-profit corporations for the operation of recovery support centers, Recovery Center at Eva's Village and Living Proof Recovery Center, j) ten smaller Community Peer Recovery Centers, k) 21 Opioid Overdose Recovery Programs, l) 21 Support Teams for Addiction Recovery, m) 20

¹ Extracted from FY 2022/2023 – (New Jersey) State Behavioral Health Assessment and Plan, SABG, CSAP, Division of State Programs, Center for Substance Abuse Treatment, Division of State and Community Assistance: Planning Step One. Assess the strengths and needs of the service system to address the specific populations.

Older Adult Education Programs, n) three Family Support Centers, o) a Telephone Recovery Support program, p) an addictions workforce training and development initiative, q) 21 county governments for the provision of services throughout the continuum of care, r) funding through a Request for Letter of Intent (RLI) for all county jails to incorporate or enhance Medication Assisted Treatment (MAT) as well as case management services for inmates with an Opioid Use Disorder (OUD) at the jail, s) 31 trainings to support approximately 1,186 physicians, APNs and Physician Assistants to attain a buprenorphine waiver, and t) the recent request for proposals (RFP) award of 4 hospitals for the Opioid Reduction Options (ORO) in the Emergency Department (ED) that aims to reduce the use of opioids in EDs and the subsequent prescribing of opioids at ED discharge (11 hospitals were previously awarded).

Within its treatment continuum levels of care range from detoxification, outpatient, intensive outpatient, residential (short-term, long-term, halfway house), partial hospitalization and opioid maintenance. As of June 2021, there were 260 licensed substance use disorder providers accounting for 661 Standard and Intensive Outpatient sites, 54 Opioid Treatment Programs (OTPs), 26 Halfway House sites, 29 Long-Term Residential sites and 25 Short-Term Residential sites. A significant achievement is that there is now an OTP in each of NJ's 21 counties. DMHAS utilizes the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM) principles in client placement.

In New Jersey, the administration and organization of the substance use disorder (SUD) system is centralized, rather than county or locally based. A broad array of SUD services are offered in the community and the SSA awards funding either through cost-based contracts to 106 SUD treatment agencies and fee-for-service contracts to 142 SUD treatment agencies that provide a continuum of treatment. It provides funding to 32 SUD prevention agencies. It provides funding to 32 SUD prevention agencies. It also provides awards to the 21 County Governments.

Expenditures for Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment

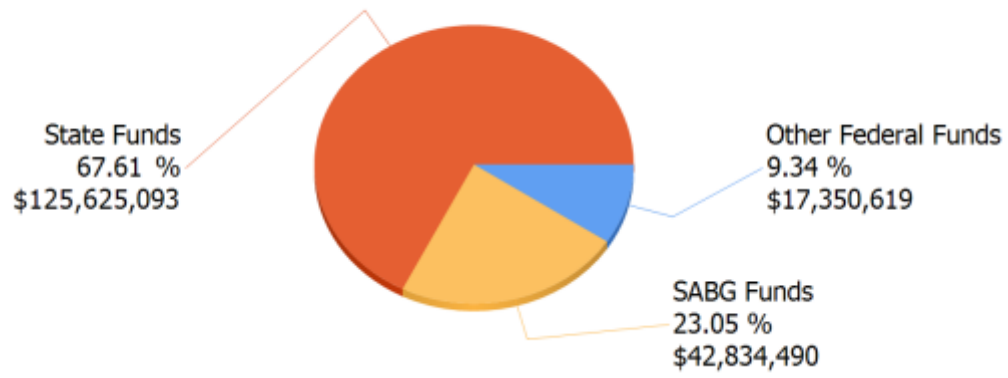
All states receive federal funds for substance abuse prevention through SABG funds administered by SAMHSA. Exhibit 1 shows the sources that New Jersey used for expenditures on substance abuse prevention and treatment in 2021. As indicated, state funds and SABG funds account for the largest sources (67.61 percent and 23.05 percent, respectively).²

States submit Behavioral Assessment and Plan reports that include their priorities for use of SABG funds, as well as planned expenditures. For FY 2022-2023, New Jersey designated reducing the percentage of persons aged 12 – 20 who report binge drinking in the past month as priority number six and increasing integration of community-based services for children, youth and young adults with substance use challenges as part of priority number fifteen for use of SABG funds.³

² WebBGAS State Profile, 2021 SABG and MHBG Reports – New Jersey 2021.

³ FY 2022/2023 – (New Jersey) State Behavioral Assessment and Plan, SABG, CSAP, Division of State Programs, Center for Substance Abuse Treatment, Division of State and Community Assistance: Table 1: Priority Areas and Annual Performance Indicators.

Exhibit 1: Sources of New Jersey's 2021 Expenditures for Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment



State Performance: Laws, Enforcement, and Programs

As mandated by the STOP Act, this report details New Jersey's performance in enacting, enforcing, and creating laws, regulations, and programs to prevent or reduce underage drinking. The following sections address these measures:

State Laws and Policies: These underage drinking prevention policies have been identified as best practices (or as promising practices suitable for ongoing evaluation) and fall into six categories:

- underage possession or purchase of alcohol
- underage drinking and driving
- alcohol availability
- sales and delivery to consumers at home
- alcohol pricing
- enforcement policies

STOP Act State Survey Data: The STOP Act requires annual reporting of data from the 50 states and the District of Columbia on their performance in enacting, enforcing, and creating laws, regulations, and programs to prevent or reduce underage drinking. Administered since 2011, the STOP Act State Survey collects data on the following topics:

- enforcement programs to promote compliance with underage drinking laws and regulations
- programs targeted to youth, parents, and caregivers to deter underage drinking
- state interagency collaborations to implement prevention programs, best-practice standards, collaborations with tribal governments, and participation in underage drinking media campaigns
- state expenditures on the prevention of underage drinking

Underage Possession or Purchase of Alcohol

New Jersey-Underage Possession	
Is underage possession of alcoholic beverages prohibited?	Yes
Are there exceptions based on family relationships?	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is possession allowed if parent or guardian is present or consents? Is possession allowed if spouse is present or consents? 	No No
Is there an exception based on location?	Yes, in any private location

New Jersey-Underage Consumption	
Is underage consumption of alcoholic beverages prohibited?	Yes
Are there exceptions based on family relationships?	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is consumption allowed if parent or guardian is present or consents? Is consumption allowed if spouse is present or consents? 	No No
Is there an exception based on location?	Yes, in any private location

New Jersey-Underage Internal Possession	
Is underage internal possession of alcoholic beverages prohibited?	No law
Are there exceptions based on family relationships?	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is internal possession allowed if parent or guardian is present or consents? Is internal possession allowed if spouse is present or consents? 	N/A N/A
Is there an exception based on location?	N/A

New Jersey-Underage Purchase and Attempted Purchase	
Is the purchase of alcoholic beverages prohibited?	Yes
May youth purchase for law enforcement purposes?	No

New Jersey-Underage False Identification for Obtaining Alcohol	
Provisions Targeting Minors	
Is the use of false identification (ID) prohibited?	Yes
Does the use of a false ID result in minor's driver's license suspension?	Yes, through a judicial process

Provisions Targeting Suppliers	
Is the lending or transferring or selling of a false ID prohibited?	Yes
Is the production of a false ID in the context of underage alcohol sales specifically prohibited?	No
Retailer Support Provisions	
Is there an incentive for the retailer to use electronic scanners for information digitally encoded on valid IDs?	No
Do state statutes or regulations mandate that state driver's licenses for persons under 21 be easily distinguishable from licenses for persons 21 and over?	Yes
May the retailer seize apparently false IDs without fear of prosecution even if the ID is ultimately deemed valid?	No
Does an affirmative defense exist for the retailer?	Yes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is it a specific affirmative defense (retailer reasonably believed ID was valid after examining it)? 	Yes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is it a general affirmative defense (retailer reasonably believed purchaser was over 21)? 	No
Does the retailer have the right to sue the minor for use of a false ID?	No
May the retailer detain a minor who used a false ID?	No

Underage Drinking and Driving

New Jersey-Youth Blood Alcohol Concentration Limits (Underage Operators of Noncommercial Motor Vehicles)	
What is the maximum blood alcohol concentration (BAC) limit for an underage driver of a motor vehicle?	0.01
Does a BAC level in excess of limit automatically establish a violation (per se violation)?	Yes
What is the minimum age to which the limit applies?	0
What is the maximum age to which the limit applies?	21

New Jersey-Loss of Driving Privileges for Alcohol Violations by Minors ("Use/Lose" Laws)	
Is there a "use/lose" law that suspends or revokes a minor's driving privileges for alcohol violations?	No

What types of violation lead to license suspension or revocation?	
• Purchase of alcohol	N/A
• Possession of alcohol	N/A
• Consumption of alcohol	N/A
The law applies to people under what age?	N/A
Is suspension or revocation mandatory or discretionary?	N/A
What is the length of suspension/revocation?	
Minimum number of days	N/A
Maximum number of days	N/A

New Jersey-Graduated Driver's Licenses	
Learner Stage	
What is the minimum age for permit to drive with parents, guardians or other adults (other than instructors)?	16
What is the minimum number of months driver must hold learner permit before advancing to intermediate stage?	6
What is the minimum number of hours of driving with parents, guardians or adults before advancing to intermediate stage?	0
Intermediate Stage	
What is the minimum age for driving without adult supervision?	17
For night driving, when does adult supervision requirement begin?	11:01 PM
Can law enforcement stop a driver for night driving violation as a primary offense?	Yes
Are there restrictions on passengers?	Yes, no more than one passenger unless accompanied by parent or guardian, unless additional passengers are dependents of the driver.
Can law enforcement stop driver for violation of passenger restrictions as a primary offense?	Yes
License Stage	
What is the minimum age for full license privileges and lifting of restrictions?	18

Alcohol Availability

New Jersey-Furnishing Alcohol to Minors	
Is furnishing of alcoholic beverages to minors prohibited?	Yes

Are there exceptions based on family relationships?	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is furnishing allowed if the parent or guardian supplies the alcohol? Is furnishing allowed if the spouse supplies the alcohol? 	<p>Yes</p> <p>No</p>
Is there an exception based on location?	No
Affirmative Defense for Sellers and Licensees	
Does law require seller/licensee to be exonerated of furnishing to a minor if the minor has not been charged?	No

New Jersey-Responsible Beverage Service (RBS)—Mandatory	
Is there a state law pertaining to Beverage Service Training?	Yes, mandatory
If training is mandatory, who must participate?	Licensee and manager
If training is voluntary, which of the following incentives are offered?	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Defense in dram shop liability lawsuits 	N/A
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discounts in dram shop liability insurance, license fees, or other 	N/A
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mitigation of fines or other administrative penalties for sales to minors or intoxicated persons 	N/A
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protection against license revocation for sales to minors or sales to intoxicated persons 	N/A
Does the RBS law apply to on-premises establishments (such as bars and restaurants) or off-premises establishments (such as liquor stores)?	Off-premises
Does the RBS law apply to new or existing licensees?	New

New Jersey-Minimum Ages for Sellers of Alcohol – Off-Premises (i.e., Liquor Stores)	
What is the minimum age requirement for off-premises retail establishments?	
Beer	18
Wine	18
Spirits	18
Does a manager or supervisor have to be present when an underage person is selling beverages?	No

New Jersey-Minimum Age for Alcohol Servers and Bartenders – On-Premises (i.e., Restaurants and Bars)	
What is the minimum age requirement for servers in on-premises establishments?	
Beer	18
Wine	18
Spirits	18
What is the minimum age requirement for bartenders in on-premises establishments?	
Beer	18
Wine	18
Spirits	18
Does a manager or supervisor have to be present when an underage person is selling beverages?	No

New Jersey-Distance Limitations Applied to New Alcohol Outlets Near Universities, Colleges, and Primary and Secondary Schools	
Colleges and Universities	
Is there a distance requirement for off-premises outlets (i.e., liquor stores)?	No
Is there a distance requirement for on-premises outlets (i.e., restaurants and bars)?	No
To which alcohol products does requirement apply?	N/A
Primary and Secondary Schools	
Is there a distance requirement for off-premises outlets (i.e., liquor stores)?	Yes, within 200 feet. School has authority to override state prohibition.
Is there a distance requirement for on-premises outlets (i.e., restaurants and bars)?	Yes, within 200 feet. School has authority to override state prohibition.
To which alcohol products does requirement apply?	Beer, wine, and spirits

New Jersey-Dram Shop Liability	
Does a statute create dram shop liability?	Yes
Does the statute limit damages that may be recovered?	No
Does the statute limit who may be sued?	No
Does the statute limit elements or standards of proof?	No
Does common law dram shop liability exist?	No

New Jersey-Social Host Liability	
Does a statute create social host liability?	No
Does the statute limit damages that may be recovered?	N/A
Does the statute limit who may be sued?	N/A

Does the statute limit elements or standards of proof?	N/A
Does common law social host liability exist?	Unclear
Notes: A New Jersey court held that a social host who furnishes excessive amounts of alcoholic beverages to a visibly intoxicated minor, knowing the minor is about drive a car on the public highways, may be liable to a third party injured in an automobile accident.	

New Jersey-Prohibitions Against Hosting Underage Drinking Parties	
Does a statute prohibit hosting underage drinking parties?	Yes
Is the statute specific to underage parties, or a general prohibition against permitting underage drinking on the property?	General
What action by underage guest triggers a violation?	Consumption
Property type covered by the law?	Residential/outdoor/other
What level of knowledge by the host is required?	Overt act (Host must have actual knowledge and commit act that contributes to party's occurrence)
Does host's preventive action protect him/her from being held liable?	No
Are there any exceptions for underage guests?	Yes, family members

New Jersey-Keg Registration	
How is a keg defined (in gallons)?	No law
Prohibitions	
Is it illegal to possess an unregistered or unlabeled keg and if so, what is the penalty?	No law
Is it illegal to destroy the label on a keg, and if so, what is the penalty?	No law
What purchaser information is collected?	
Must the retailer collect the name and address?	No law
Must the retailer collect the ID number, name and address on license or other government information?	No law
Must the retailer collect the address at which keg will be consumed?	No law
Must warning information be given to purchaser?	No law
Is a deposit required?	No law
Does law cover disposable kegs?	No law

New Jersey-High-Proof Grain Alcohol Beverages	
Are there restrictions on the sale of high-proof grain alcohol beverages?	No
Are restrictions based on Alcohol by Volume (ABV)?	N/A
Are there exceptions to restrictions?	N/A

Sales and Delivery to Consumers at Home

New Jersey-Retailer Interstate Shipments of Alcohol	
Are out-of-state retailers prohibited from sending interstate shipments to in-state consumers?	
Beer	Uncertain
Wine	Uncertain
Spirits	Uncertain

New Jersey-Direct Shipments/Sales	
May alcohol producers ship directly to consumers?	Yes
What alcohol types may be shipped?	Wine
Must purchaser make mandatory trip to producer before delivery is authorized?	No
Age verification requirements	
Must the producer/shipper verify purchaser's age before sale?	No
Must the common carrier (deliverer) verify age of recipients?	No
State approval/permit requirements	
Must the producer/manufacture obtain state license or permit?	Yes
Must the common carrier (deliverer) be approved by a state agency?	Yes
Recording/reporting requirements	
Must the producer/manufacture record/report purchaser's name?	Yes
Must the common carrier (deliverer) record/report recipient's name?	No
Shipping label requirements	
Must the label state "Package contains alcohol"?	No
Must the label state "Recipient must be 21 years old"?	No
Notes: Licensees cannot produce more than 250,000 gallons of wine per year.	

New Jersey-Home Delivery	
Is home delivery of alcohol permitted?	
Beer	Permitted
Wine	Permitted
Spirits	Permitted
Notes: Delivery vehicles must display a Transit Insignia to identify the vehicle as having authority to transport alcohol.	

New Jersey- Direct to Consumer	
Is there a policy allowing on-premises retailers to deliver alcohol to a consumer at home?	No
Which on-premises retailers can provide delivery of alcoholic beverages? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restaurant • Bar license • Third party license 	N/A N/A N/A
Which types of alcohol are permitted to be delivered? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Beer • Wine • Spirits • Mixed Drinks 	N/A N/A N/A N/A
Requirements and Restrictions	
Are there restrictions in place addressing details of the delivery? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hours limited • Amount of alcohol limited • Food requirement 	N/A N/A N/A
Are there certain requirements that the delivery person must meet? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Must be 21 • Must check ID at point of delivery • Must receive payment regardless of delivery completion 	N/A N/A N/A

Alcohol Pricing

New Jersey-Alcohol Taxes	
Beer	
Control system for beer?	No
Specific excise tax per gallon for 5% alcohol beer	\$0.12
Ad valorem excise tax (for on-premises sales) on total receipts for 5% alcohol beer	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General sales tax rate 	Not relevant
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax) 	Not relevant
Ad valorem excise tax (for off-premises sales) on total receipts for 5% alcohol beer	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General sales tax rate 	Not relevant
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax) 	Not relevant
Additional taxes for 3.2 – 6% alcohol beer if applicable	
Wine	
Control system for wine?	No
Specific excise tax per gallon for 12% alcohol wine	\$0.88
Ad valorem excise tax (for on-premises sales) on total receipts for 12% alcohol wine	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General sales tax rate 	Not relevant

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax) 	Not relevant
Ad valorem excise tax (for off-premises sales) on total receipts for 12% alcohol wine	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> General sales tax rate 	Not relevant
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax) 	Not relevant
Additional taxes for 6 – 14% alcohol wine if applicable	
Spirits	
Control system for spirits?	No
Specific excise tax per gallon for 40% alcohol spirits	\$5.50
Ad valorem excise tax (for on-premises sales) on total receipts for 40% alcohol spirits	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> General sales tax rate 	Not relevant
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax) 	Not relevant
Ad valorem excise tax (for off-premises sales) on total receipts for 40% alcohol spirits	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> General sales tax rate 	Not relevant
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax) 	Not relevant
Additional taxes for 15 – 50% alcohol spirits if applicable	

New Jersey-Low-Price, High-Volume Drink Specials	
Are on-premises retailers prohibited from offering the following types of drink specials?	
Free beverages	No (licensee may offer a free drink on a case-by-case basis)
Multiple servings at one time	No
Multiple servings for same price as single serving	Yes
Reduced price for a specified day or time (i.e., happy hours)	No
Unlimited beverages for fixed price	Yes
Increased volume without increase in price	No

New Jersey-Wholesaler Pricing Restrictions	
Beer	
Are volume discounts to retailers allowed?	None law
Must wholesalers establish a minimum markup or maximum discount for each product sold to retailers?	Yes, no sales below cost
Must wholesalers publicly post and hold (i.e., not reduce) prices for a set period of time?	Post and hold (1 month minimum)
Is wholesaler permitted to extend credit to retailer and if so, what is the maximum time period?	Yes (30 days maximum)
Wine	
Are volume discounts to retailers allowed?	No law
Must wholesalers establish a minimum markup or maximum discount for each product sold to retailers?	Yes, no sales below cost
Must wholesalers publicly post and hold (i.e., not reduce) prices for a set period of time?	Post and hold (1 month minimum)
Is wholesaler permitted to extend credit to retailer and if so, what is the maximum time period?	Yes (30 days maximum)
Spirits	
Are volume discounts to retailers allowed?	No law
Must wholesalers establish a minimum markup or maximum discount for each product sold to retailers?	Yes, no sales below cost
Must wholesalers publicly post and hold (i.e., not reduce) prices for a set period of time?	Post and hold (1 month minimum)

Is wholesaler permitted to extend credit to retailer and if so, what is the maximum time period?	Yes (30 days maximum)
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Enforcement Policies

New Jersey-Compliance Check Protocols	
Does the state have a written protocol for when an underage decoy is used in compliance checks?	No
What is the minimum age a decoy may be to participate in a compliance check?	N/A
What is the maximum age a decoy may be to participate in a compliance check?	N/A
Are there appearance requirements for the decoy?	N/A
Does decoy carry ID during compliance check?	N/A
May decoy verbally exaggerate his or her actual age?	N/A
Is decoy training mandated, recommended, prohibited, or not specified?	N/A

New Jersey-Penalty Guidelines for Sales to Minors	
Are there written guidelines for penalties that are imposed on retailers for furnishing to a minor?	Yes
What is the time period for defining second, third, and subsequent offenses?	N/A
What is the penalty for the first offense?	For sales to 18-20 year olds: 15-day suspension For sales to anyone under 18 years old: 30-day suspension
What is the penalty for the second offense?	For sales to 18-20 year olds: 30-day suspension For sales to anyone under 18 years old: 60-day suspension
What is the penalty for the third offense?	For sales to 18-20 year olds: 45-day suspension For sales to anyone under 18 years old: 90-day suspension
What is the penalty for the fourth offense?	Revocation

New Jersey State Survey Responses

State Agency Information

Agency with primary responsibility for enforcing underage drinking laws:

New Jersey Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control

Enforcement Strategies

State law enforcement agencies use:

Cops in Shops	No
Shoulder Tap Operations	No
Party Patrol Operations or Programs	No
Underage Alcohol–Related Fatality Investigations	Yes

Local law enforcement agencies use:

Cops in Shops	Yes
Shoulder Tap Operations	No
Party Patrol Operations or Programs	Yes
Underage Alcohol–Related Fatality Investigations	Yes

State has a program to investigate and enforce direct sales/shipment laws Yes

Primary state agency responsible for enforcing laws addressing direct sales/shipments of alcohol to minors New Jersey Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control

Such laws are also enforced by local law enforcement agencies No

Enforcement Statistics

State collects data on the number of minors found in possession Yes

Number of minors found in possession¹ by state law enforcement agencies No data

Number pertains to the 12 months ending No data

Data include arrests/citations issued by local law enforcement agencies No data

State conducts underage compliance checks/decoy operations² to determine whether alcohol retailers are complying with laws prohibiting sales to minors No

Data are collected on these activities No

Number of retail licensees in state³ 9,000

Number of licensees checked for compliance by state agencies (including random checks) Not applicable

Number of licensees that failed state compliance checks Not applicable

Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending Not applicable

Compliance checks/decoy operations conducted at on-sale, off-sale, or both retail establishments Not applicable

State conducts **random** underage compliance checks/decoy operations Not applicable

Number of licensees subject to **random** state compliance checks/decoy operations Not applicable

Number of licensees that failed **random** state compliance checks Not applicable

Local agencies conduct underage compliance checks/decoy operations to determine whether alcohol retailers are complying with laws prohibiting sales to minors No

Data are collected on these activities No

Number of licensees checked for compliance by local agencies Not applicable

Number of licensees that failed local compliance checks Not applicable

Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending Not applicable

Sanctions

State collects data on fines imposed on retail establishments that furnish to minors Yes

Number of fines imposed by the state⁴ No data

Total amount in fines across all licensees No data

Smallest fine imposed \$500

Largest fine imposed \$80,000

Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	12/31/2020
<i>State collects data on license suspensions imposed on retail establishments specifically for furnishing to minors</i>	Yes
Number of suspensions imposed by the state ⁵	No data
Total days of suspensions across all licensees	No data
Shortest period of suspension imposed (in days)	15
Longest period of suspension imposed (in days)	150
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	12/31/2020
<i>State collects data on license revocations imposed on retail establishments specifically for furnishing to minors</i>	Yes
Number of license revocations imposed ⁶	0
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	12/31/2020

Additional Clarification

No data

¹ Or having consumed or purchased per state statutes.

² Underage compliance checks/decoy operations to determine whether alcohol retailers are complying with laws prohibiting sales to minors.

³ Excluding special licenses such as temporary, seasonal, and common carrier licenses.

⁴ Does not include fines imposed by local agencies.

⁵ Does not include suspensions imposed by local agencies.

⁶ Does not include revocations imposed by local agencies.

Underage Drinking Prevention Programs Operated or Funded by the State

County-Based Prevention Coalitions

Number of youth served	512,000
Number of parents served	364,000
Number of caregivers served	112,000
Program has been evaluated	Yes
Evaluation report is available	Yes
URL for evaluation report:	Request from Donald Hallcom, Director of Prevention - donald.hallcom@dhs.nj.gov
URL for more program information:	https://www.nj.gov/humanservices/dmhas/resources/services/prevention/coalitions.html

Program Description: Effective January 1, 2012, the Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services (DMHAS) selected 17 coalition regions in New Jersey based on the “Prevention Needs Assessment Using Social Indicators: State of New Jersey Substance Abuse Prevention County Level Needs Assessment, 2011.” The needs assessment used archival data of social indicators to develop composite indices of risks to estimate the need for prevention services among New Jersey’s 21 counties. Criteria included population, substance abuse treatment admissions, and rates of harmful consequences related to substance misuse/abuse within the region. Prevalence of alcohol and prescription drug misuse among middle and high school students also were considered in identifying the 17 regions. Additional criteria were that each region (1) must comprise at least one county and (2) must have reported a minimum of 2,000 treatment admissions (according to the latest available data) for the previous year. In 2017, coalitions were developed in most of the remaining New Jersey counties. There are now 19 county-based coalitions.

All coalitions are required to utilize environmental strategies to address underage drinking in their region. Coalitions have followed SPF as a planning model and have submitted strategic plans describing their needs assessments, capacity analyses, and program plans. Strategic plans were approved by DMHAS. Coalitions have

identified the following root causes related to underage drinking: availability/access, social access, retail access, medical access, community norms, low enforcement, low perception of risk, parental attitudes favorable to use, peer influence, price promotion, and social norms.

Coalitions are using the following interventions and strategies in their regions:

- Parents Who Host, Lose the Most Campaign
- Responsible Beverage Services
- Restricted Sales of Alcohol at Public Events
- Promoted State Social Host Laws
- Promoted/Adopted Private Property Ordinances
- Sticker Shock Campaign

In September 2018, DMHAS was awarded a second Partnerships for Success (PFS) cooperative agreement from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) Center for Substance Abuse Prevention (CSAP). PFS' community-level funding was awarded to the 19 existing regional coalitions. The required prevention priority specified for PFS communities is underage drinking, an issue the 19 regional coalitions have focused on since their inception. Since 2015, coalitions have been responsible for the passage or adoption of more than 1,200 municipal and/or county ordinances that address issues related to underage drinking, including sale, access, enforcement, and others.

Since March 2020, many of the programs and services offered by the coalitions have been provided virtually.

Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse - Municipal Alliance Programs

Number of youth served	No data
Number of parents served	No data
Number of caregivers served	No data
Program has been evaluated	No
Evaluation report is available	Not applicable
URL for evaluation report:	Not applicable
URL for more program information:	https://gcada.nj.gov/alliance/

Program Description: The Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse - Municipal Alliance Programs administers the state's \$10 million Alliance to Prevent Alcoholism and Drug Abuse Program, the largest network of community-based anti-drug coalitions in the nation, with thousands of stakeholders serving on nearly 400 alliances encompassing more than 530 municipalities throughout New Jersey. Municipal Alliances are established by municipal ordinance and engage residents, local government, law enforcement officials, schools, nonprofit organizations, the faith community, parents, youth, and other allies in efforts to prevent alcoholism and drug abuse in communities throughout New Jersey. In 2020, Municipal Alliances revised their planning processes, and each alliance aligned its prevention priorities with those identified by the regional coalitions in their area. Regional coalitions and alliances continue to coordinate their efforts in addressing underage drinking.

Partnership for a Drug-Free New Jersey School Based Programs

Number of youth served	133,000
Number of parents served	No data
Number of caregivers served	No data
Program has been evaluated	Yes
Evaluation report is available	No
URL for evaluation report:	Not applicable
URL for more program information:	http://drugfreenj.org/school/school-based-programs/

Program Description: The Partnership for a Drug-Free New Jersey (PDFNJ) offers a number of school-based programs that are available to all New Jersey schools at no charge. PDFNJ programs range from third grade through high school and provide unique opportunities to supplement the school's drug-prevention and health curricula.

Partnership for a Drug-Free New Jersey's 15-Minute Child Break

Number of youth served	No data
Number of parents served	7,200
Number of caregivers served	1,800
Program has been evaluated	Yes
Evaluation report is available	Yes
URL for evaluation report:	http://drugfreenj.org/research/research-overview/
URL for more program information:	http://drugfreenj.org/child-break/15-minute-child-break/

Program Description: The 15-Minute Child Break is a free, interactive, one-hour presentation for parents, grandparents, and caregivers who are concerned about children (of any age) and substance abuse.

Representatives from PDFNJ meet with groups on location to deliver this informative, engaging, and educational presentation. Participants receive age-specific information and communication skills concerning substance abuse. Parents are empowered and supported with the assurance that they have and will continue to have the strongest influence in their children's lives. The 15-Minute Child Break presentation is supported by research that demonstrates that kids who communicate regularly with their parents about their daily activities are 67 percent less likely to be involved in substance abuse than children who have little or no communication.

The 15-Minute Child Break covers topics such as:

- Talking to your kids about drugs and alcohol
- The influence of media and pop culture
- Effects of specific drugs
- Keeping your kids drug-free
- Strengthening parenting skills
- Utilizing teachable moments

Strengthening Families Program

Number of youth served	5,900
Number of parents served	4,350
Number of caregivers served	1,900
Program has been evaluated	Yes
Evaluation report is available	Yes
URL for evaluation report:	https://strengtheningfamiliesprogram.org/evaluation/
URL for more program information:	https://www.strengtheningfamiliesprogram.org/publications.html

Program Description: DMHAS provides funding for delivery of the Strengthening Families Program (SFP) in all 21 New Jersey counties. The SFP is a nationally and internationally recognized parenting and family strengthening program for high-risk and regular families. It is an evidence-based family skills training program found to significantly reduce problem behaviors, delinquency, and alcohol and drug abuse in children and to improve social

competencies and school performance. Child maltreatment also decreases as parents strengthen bonds with their children and learn more effective parenting skills.

Military Family Nights

Number of youth served	No data
Number of parents served	3,000
Number of caregivers served	625
Program has been evaluated	No
Evaluation report is available	Not applicable
URL for evaluation report:	Not applicable
URL for more program information:	https://www.njpn.org/military

Program Description: Family communication and structure are strained in military families with each deployment. The Military Family Nights series, offered by the New Jersey Prevention Network, is based on the nationally researched Strengthening Families Program, in which families practice communication skills, family meetings, effective discipline, therapeutic child play, reinforcing positive behaviors in each other, and jointly planning family activities. The program assists parents in effectively communicating with each other and achieving desired behaviors in children by using attention and rewards, clear communication, effective discipline, substance use education, problem solving, and limit setting. Children learn stress management, social skills, problem solving, resisting peer pressure, consequences of substance use, compliance with parental rules, understanding feelings, and coping with anger.

The Military Family Night program is for military families during pre-deployment, deployment, or post-deployment. Families with children ages 6–11 participate in a 14-session program and families with children ages 10–14 participate in a 7-session program. The program is free and includes:

- Family dinner at each session
- Gifts for participation
- Babysitting services available for children too young to participate in the program
- Skill-building sessions for parents and youth
- Family activities at each session

This project is funded by the New Jersey Department of Human Services, Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services, and is coordinated by the New Jersey Prevention Network and its member agencies in cooperation with the New Jersey National Guard's Family Assistance Centers.

Parent Check NJ

Number of youth served	No data
Number of parents served	No data
Number of caregivers served	No data
Program has been evaluated	No
Evaluation report is available	Not applicable
URL for evaluation report:	Not applicable
URL for more program information:	http://parentchecknj.com/about/

Program Description: The New Jersey Prevention Network (NJPN) was one of 11 grantees that received funding from DMHAS' Strategic Prevention Framework-State Incentive Grant (SPF-SIG). NJPN and the Partnership for a Drug-Free New Jersey (PDFNJ) created ParentCheckNJ.com to address the identified need to reduce the number of New Jersey youth ages 18–25 who reported engaging in binge drinking (nearly 50 percent). NJPN's Social Marketing Coalition followed the SPF to implement a comprehensive program to meet data-driven needs.

Research reinforces the important role parents have in affecting alcohol use of youth, and this influence continues with this high-risk population. Recently, the site was expanded to include information about opiate abuse.

ParentCheckNJ.com is an interactive learning tool and social marketing campaign designed to prepare parents of youth ages 18–25 to influence their young adult children’s behavior and raise their awareness of the severe consequences of underage drinking and prescription drug abuse. ParentCheckNJ.com was created to help parents set the foundation for these conversations by providing current research related to the negative effects of underage and binge alcohol use, as well as opiate abuse, and to provide parents with opportunities to start the conversation with their college-aged children by sending them an e-card.

NJPN and PDFNJ used a comprehensive advertising campaign to promote the ParentCheckNJ.com site. This campaign included website ads, radio spots, billboards, and bus signs. Additionally, NJPN used a plane banner to reach beachgoers from Sandy Hook to Cape May during the summer months. This resulted in the largest spike in website traffic during the course of our entire advertising campaign. ParentCheckNJ.com is an interactive website that provides two educational quizzes for parents. At the end of each quiz, parents take a survey on how the quiz affected their attitudes to alcohol or opiates. Eighty-three percent of respondents indicated that they would take action based on the information given to them on the ParentCheckNJ.com website. The site also offers a list of additional resources and provides parents with information about the alcohol policies of New Jersey’s colleges.

Sticker Shock

Number of youth served	1,200
Number of parents served	No data
Number of caregivers served	No data
Program has been evaluated	No
Evaluation report is available	Not applicable
URL for evaluation report:	Not applicable
URL for more program information:	Story about one coalition's Sticker Shock activities: https://tinyurl.com/2p8x8hh3

Program Description: The Sticker Shock campaign is an initiative delivered by numerous DMHAS-funded agencies and coalitions, as well as municipal alliances and drug-free communities (DFC) coalitions in New Jersey. Sticker Shock brings awareness to underage drinking, one of New Jersey’s four prevention priorities. Stickers and hangers placed on the products throughout a store act as “warning” labels, informing the public of the consequences they can face if they provide or purchase alcohol for minors. The message is extremely effective when minors spread the word and take action. Parents, older siblings, older friends, and others who buy alcohol for minors are often unaware that they can encounter negative consequences in addition to the minor who consumes the alcohol. The scope of the program was reduced due to the pandemic.

Parents Who Host, Lose the Most Campaign

Number of youth served	18,000
Number of parents served	115,000
Number of caregivers served	9,000
Program has been evaluated	No
Evaluation report is available	Not applicable
URL for evaluation report:	Not applicable
URL for more program information:	https://preventionactionalliance.org/about/programs/parents-who-host-lose-the-most/

Program Description: Numerous agencies and coalitions work with parents using the Parents Who Host, Lose the Most campaign. These organizations work to encourage and support awareness of the social host liability laws. The campaign functions to create a statewide message to parents that underage drinking will not be tolerated. Parents also learn that serving alcohol to minors (other than their children) in their home is illegal.

Private Property Ordinances

Number of youth served	No data
Number of parents served	No data
Number of caregivers served	No data
Program has been evaluated	No data
Evaluation report is available	No data
URL for evaluation report:	Not applicable
URL for more program information:	No data
Program Description: A state law passed in 2000 (N.J.S.A. 40:48-1.2) permits municipalities in New Jersey to enact an ordinance making it unlawful for any underage person to possess or consume an alcoholic beverage on private property. Currently, 82 percent of all municipalities in New Jersey have enacted such ordinances.	
Additional Underage Drinking Prevention Programs Operated or Funded by the State	
Training for Intervention Procedures - Training for Intervention Procedures (TIPS) is the global leader in education and training for responsible service, sale, and consumption of alcohol. Proven effective by third-party studies, TIPS is a skill-based training program that is designed to prevent intoxication, underage drinking, and drunk driving. Training is provided throughout the state by numerous DMHAS-funded agencies and coalitions.	
Evidence-Based Individual and Family Curricula - DMHAS funds agencies in all 21 counties to deliver evidence-based prevention curricula to children, adolescents, and parents/caregivers. The specific intent of many of the programs is to prevent underage drinking. Some of the programs provided include LifeSkills, Project Towards No Drug Abuse, All Stars, Beginning Awareness Basic Education Studies (BABES), Positive Action, I Can Problem Solve, and numerous others.	
Additional Clarification	
No data	
Additional Information Related to Underage Drinking Prevention Programs	
<i>State collaborates with federally recognized tribal governments in the prevention of underage drinking</i>	No recognized tribal governments
Description of collaboration: Not applicable	
<i>State has programs to measure and/or reduce youth exposure to alcohol advertising and marketing</i>	No
Description of program: Not applicable	
<i>State collaborates with/participates in media campaigns to prevent underage drinking</i>	Yes
Federal campaigns: "Talk. They Hear You"	Yes
Regional and local media campaigns: We Check for 21, Talk Now NJ, Parent Check NJ	Yes
Local school district efforts: Local PSAs, social media, and print ads	Yes
Other:	No
<i>State collaborates with/participates in SAMHSA's national media campaign, "Talk. They Hear You."</i>	Yes
State officially endorses TTHY efforts	Yes
State commits state resources for TTHY	No
State forwards TTHY materials to local areas	Yes
Other:	No
<i>State procures funding for TTHY</i>	No data
Pro bono	No data
Donated air time	No data
Earned media	No data
Other:	No data
<i>State has adopted or developed best practice standards for underage drinking prevention programs</i>	Yes
Agencies/organizations that established best practices standards:	
Federal agency(ies): SAMHSA	Yes
Agency(ies) within your state:	No
Nongovernmental agency(ies):	No

Other: No
 Best practice standards description: 2009 Edition of "Identifying and Selecting Evidence-Based Interventions"
 1. Inclusion in federal registries of evidence-based interventions; or
 2. Reported (with positive effects on the primary targeted outcome) in peer-reviewed journals; or
 3. Documented effectiveness supported by other sources of information and the consensus judgment of informed experts, as described in the following set of guidelines, all of which must be met:

- Guideline 1: The intervention is based on a theory of change that is documented in a clear logic or conceptual model.
- Guideline 2: The intervention is similar in content and structure to interventions that appear in registries and/or the peer-reviewed literature.
- Guideline 3: The intervention is supported by documentation that has been effectively implemented in the past and multiple times in a manner attentive to scientific standards of evidence and with results that show a consistent pattern of credible and positive effects.
- Guideline 4: The intervention is reviewed and deemed appropriate by a panel of informed prevention experts that includes well-qualified prevention researchers who are experienced in evaluating prevention interventions similar to those under review; local prevention practitioners; and key community leaders as appropriate, e.g., officials from law enforcement and education sectors or elders within Indigenous cultures.

Additionally, NJ uses resources provided in SAMHSA's Evidence-Based Practices Resource Center

Additional Clarification	
No data	
State Interagency Collaboration	
A state-level interagency governmental body/committee exists to coordinate or address underage drinking prevention activities	No
Committee contact information:	
Not applicable	
Agencies/organizations represented on the committee:	
Not applicable	
A website or other public source exists to describe committee activities	Not applicable
URL or other means of access: Not applicable	
Underage Drinking Reports	
State has prepared a plan for preventing underage drinking in the last 3 years	No
Prepared by: Not applicable	
Plan can be accessed via: Not applicable	
State has prepared a report on preventing underage drinking in the last 3 years	No
Prepared by: Not applicable	
Report can be accessed via: Not applicable	
Additional Clarification	
No data	
State Expenditures for the Prevention of Underage Drinking	
Compliance checks in retail outlets:	
Estimate of state funds expended	Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	Data not available
Checkpoints and saturation patrols:	
Estimate of state funds expended	Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	Data not available
Community-based programs to prevent underage drinking:	
Estimate of state funds expended	\$6,000,000
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	06/30/2021
K-12 school-based programs to prevent underage drinking:	
Estimate of state funds expended	\$1,800,000

Estimate based on the 12 months ending	06/30/2021
<i>Programs targeted to institutes of higher learning:</i>	
Estimate of state funds expended	\$3,500,000
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	06/30/2021
<i>Programs that target youth in the juvenile justice system:</i>	
Estimate of state funds expended	Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	Data not available
<i>Programs that target youth in the child welfare system:</i>	
Estimate of state funds expended	\$275,000
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	06/30/2021
<i>Other programs:</i>	
Programs or strategies included:	Data not available
Estimate of state funds expended:	Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending:	Data not available
Funds Dedicated to Underage Drinking	
<i>State derives funds dedicated to underage drinking from the following revenue streams:</i>	
Taxes	Yes
Fines	Yes
Fees	Yes
Other: Not applicable	No
<i>Description of funding streams and how they are used:</i>	
Fines collected through the Drug Enforcement Demand Reduction (DEDR) program are used to fund programs provided by the Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse (GCADA) Municipal Alliances. Taxes and licensing fees fund certain programs provided by the Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control.	
Additional Clarification	
No data	



**THE INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COMMITTEE
ON THE PREVENTION OF UNDERAGE DRINKING (ICCPUD)**

ICCPUD